The New Era,

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. VI. NO. 30, NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1857. WHOLE NO. 290.

Business Directory.

NEWMARKET
Stove, Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron, and Japan Warehouse.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed to the firm of Honor & Son, the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

J. & J. HODGE,

And having lately purchased those commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. SARAH DAVIS, our Shop has been removed the e. where will be found, constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES, Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware; Cistern Pumps, and Lead Piping.

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured to order on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in the above line of business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine this Stock before selecting elsewhere.

☞ Old Cast Iron, Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Rags, Sheepskins, Furs of every description, and Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods. ☜

J. & J. HODGE

Newmarket, Dec. 25, 1856. tf-47

F. W. BATHRICK,

TEACHER of Music, Newmarket, C. W. Pianos tuned to order, in Town or Country, on the shortest notice. RESIDENCE—House of Mr Brose.

Newmarket, Sept: 6, 1855. tf-1

T. BOTSFORD,

SADDLER, harness and Trunk maker, one door south of the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Newmarket, Dec. 1st, 1854. 43y

J. SAXTON,

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted.

WANTED—an Apprentice to learn the Business

Newmarket, September 9, 1853. tf-32

BIBLE DEPOSITORY,

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to THOMAS NIXON, at the Bible Depository, opposite Hewitt's Hotel.

Newmarket, March 26, 1856. tf-9

GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT.

Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,

MAIN Street Newmarket. All Orders executed with Despatch.

Newmarket, Feb. 6th, 1856. tf-vol

New Waggon and Carriage Shop.

THE Undersigned respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has lately opened a

WAGGON AND CARRIAGE SHOP,

In his new premises, Simcoe Street, near the Catholic Church, where will be prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored, with neatness durability and despatch.

Call and examine the work and hear the price before purchasing elsewhere.

ROBERT MURRAY.

Newmarket, May 29, 1856. 1y-31

THOMAS NIXON,

Licensed Auctioneer,

For the Townships of Whitchurch, King and East Gwillimbury.

GOODS of all description sold on Commission, at the Auction Mart of the Subscriber, on the First Monday of every Month.

☞ *Auction Sales attended in the above Townships.*

THOMAS NIXON.

Newmarket, Feb. 19, 1857. tf-3

DR. BENTLEY,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
NEWMARKET,

Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.

Feb 20, 1857. tf-3

CABINET WAREROOMS

CORNER OF MILL & MAIN STR'TS, NEWMARKET.

SAMUEL ROADHOUSE respectfully thanks his friends and customers, for the liberal support he has received since commencing business, and hopes, from the quality of his work and attention to his customers, to be favored with a continuance of the same. A variety of

Sofas, Bureaus,
Tables, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Bedroom Tables,
Toilet Glasses, &c., &c.,

Always on hand. Orders for all kinds of CABINET WORK, punctually attended to.

FUNERALS FURNISHED.

COFFINS, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. A good variety of Lace, Plates, and Handles for sale.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. tf-vol

Franklin House.

CORNER OF

Seneca & Ellicott Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

PROPRIETORS—

E. YOUNGLOVE AND G. E. L. JACKSON.

BOARD, $1 PER DAY.

Just Printed,

AND for Sale at this Office, BLANK MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, adapted to the use of Ministers of all Denominations. Price 1s per dozen, or 6s 3d per 100.

Newmarket, March 26, 1857.

MILLINERY.

THE MISS VERNONS

HAVING opened a Millinery and Dress-making Establishment, nearly opposite the North American Hotel, Newmarket, solicit the patronage of the Ladies.

Newmarket, May 29, 1857. tf-17

Business Directory.

CHARLES MORTIMER, M. D.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
AURORA. tf-16

DR. M. RANNEY,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
SHARON. *1y16

A. BOULTBEE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. tf-36

R. MOORE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c. Office—in the New Court, House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto.

Toronto, June 5, 1857.

JOHN R. JONES,

BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c. Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

Toronto, June 20, 1855. 23-1y

NORTH RICHARDSON,

CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c. Commissioner in the Queen's Bench. Office—Old Stand: Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured

Newmarket, 1855. tf-1

INTERNATIONAL

Life Assurance Society of London,

Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.

ROBERT H. SMITH,
Agent.

Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855. tf-41

DR. PYNE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has *REMOVED* to his new premises on Lydia Street, opposite the Woollen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.

Newmarket, May 14, 1856. tf-15

DR. HACKETT,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR, &C.

RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Garbutt Hill,) Newmarket. v6tf-26

Unity Fire and Unity General Insurance Associations,

OF ENGLAND,

FOR every description of Fire, and Life Assurance Business.

Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling.

CHIEF OFFICES—Unity Buildings, Cannon St., London, England.
" Toronto Branch—Toronto Street

J. W. MARSDEN,
Agent for the Counties of York and Simcoe.

Newmarket, July 31, 1856. tf-35

Newmarket Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.

☞ A number of SUGAR KETTLES, STOVES, and PLOUGHS, on hand for sale.

Newmarket, February 10th 1854. tf-1

W. MOSLEY,

CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench.

Office on Yonge Street.

Aurora, 25th May, 1855. tf-17

ROBERT BRODIE,

BUILDER, &C.,

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed during the last few years, respectfully intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the

ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,

and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water street.

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. tf-36

NOTICE!

THE subscriber begs to acquaint the inhabitants of Sharon and surrounding country, that he has commenced the

TAILORING TRADE,

Nearly opposite Doan's Dry Goods Store, where he will be pleased to wait on those desiring his services in any of the branches of his business.

G. P. SMITH.

Sharon, Sept 24, 1856. tf-34

Ryan & Hallen,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS.

ROADS, Bridges and other Works surveyed and superintended.

LANDS and Town-plots surveyed, inspected and reported upon.

DESCRIPTIONS, Diagrams, Estimates, and other professional papers prepared.

REAL property bought and sold on Commission, and otherwise.

ALL orders and communications promptly attended to.

PERSONAL application either at their office or at the residence of Mr. Ryan, on Yonge Street.

A Vacancy for an apprentice. A compass for sale

OFFICE—MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.
JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALLEN.

December 4, 1856. tf-44

PENITENTIARY

Boot and Shoe Establishment,

51 Yonge Street, 4 doors above King Street

TORONTO.

JAMES B. CARRUTH,

DEALER in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Wholesale and Retail, at Low Prices. Country purchasers would find it to their advantage to give this establishment a call before selecting elsewhere.

Toronto, Oct. 23, 1856. 1y33

R. FLEMING,

Saddle, Harness, and Trunk Maker,

MAIN STREET NEWMARKET.

CARRIAGES Trimmed, Topped, &c., in the Newest Style, and according to Order.

R. Fleming having concluded to locate himself permanently in this place begs to solicit a share of public patronage, as it is his determination to give his friends, and the public who may favor him with their custom, an article of the best quality and newest style, and at a moderate rate of charges.

Suitable Farm Produce taken in exchange for Work.

Newmarket, July 15, 1857. 1y24

Just Received,

AT the "New Era Office," a general assortment of Pens, Penholders, Pocket Inkstands, &c., together with a large Stock of Note, Letter, Foolscap and Fancy Writing Paper, Envelopes, &c.

Newmarket, Aug. 11, 1857. tf-vol

Business Directory.

John T Stokes,

ARCHITECT &c., &c., SHARON, Canada West.
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856. tf-51

GEO. HUGHES,

COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Queen's Bench, for the Counties of York, Peel and Simcoe, Conveyancer, &c., &c.

Brownsville, April, 1857. tf-14

T. Bishop & Son,

BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons. Dealers in Lime, &c. &c.

Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857. tf-14

Dr. E. VERNON,

—AURORA,—

RESIDENCE—formerly occupied by Dr. Geikie.

Aurora, March 11, 1857. tf-6

Ready Made Clothing!

THE undersigned keeps on hand a large quantity of *READY MADE CLOTHING*—For sale cheap.

MORRITZ ZELLER.

Newmarket, April 6, 1857. tf-10

A. J. McCracken,

CARRIAGE MAKER, NEWMARKET,

HAVING recently located in this place, will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of *CARRIAGES*, such as

BAROUCHES, ROCK-A-WAYS,

Rough and Readys, Phatons, Prince Alberts, Trotting Buggies, &c.

☞ *Repairing done in a Neat and Substantial manner.* ☜

SHOP, ON MAIN STREET,

Three doors South of the *New Era* Printing Office

Newmarket, April 15, 1857. tf-11

DENTISTRY

Dr. R. MOORE,

SURGEON DENTIST

RESPECTFULLY informs all parties who may desire to avail themselves of his services, that he will be at

HEWITT'S HOTEL, NEWMARKET,

The last Saturday in each Month, and remain till the following Monday morning.

For Extracting teeth, 1s 3d; for Filling teeth with silver or cement, 1s 3d; and with gold, 2s 6d. Strike while the iron is hot.

☞ All operations in Mechanical Dentistry Warranted—and as cheap as the cheapest. ☜

Newmarket, March 5th, 1857. tf-v5n10

DONALD SUTHERLAND,

WATER STREET, NEWMARKET,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Ready-Made Clothing,

China, Glass and Earthenware.

☞ The Highest price paid for Farm Produce. *Cash for Wheat, Oats, &c.* 7m17

Jas. McClure & Henry Croxon,

HOLLAND LANDING,

LICENSED Auctioneers for the Counties of York, Ontario and Simcoe. All Orders Punctually attended. tf-16

Armstrong House,

ADJOINING THE RAILWAY DEPOT!

And nearest House to the Steamboat Landing, COLLINGWOOD.

G. W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR.

July 3, 1857. 1y22

G. L. HUGHES,

SADDLER, CARRIAGE TRIMMER, AND HARNESS MAKER.

BROWNSVILLE.

CONSTANTLY on hand Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, Carriage Trimmings, Whips, &c., &c. Carriages Trimmed to order, on the shortest notice, and latest styles.

Brownsville, June 25th, 1857. tf-21

New Coverage.

THE undersigned respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding country, that he has commenced the Carpering Business, on Timothy Street, behind Mr. Saxton's Jeweller Shop.

J. ARNOTT.

Newmarket, July 17, 1857. 2m24

NEWMARKET HOTEL.

MORITZ ZELLER,

BEGS to acquaint the public of this Town and neighborhood, that he has leased the above premises for the purpose of carrying on the business of a

Hotel and Boarding House,

And hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

THE BAR

Liberally supplied with the best Wines, Spirits and Malt Liquors.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,

M. Z. takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that he will also carry on the

Tailoring and Clothing Business

In the above premises. Customers will be supplied with CLOTH, upon the lowest terms, and may rest assured that Clothing will be got up in the best style.

Newmarket, Nov. 4, 1856. tf-40

A CARD.

MR. H. M. BRAMBLE

BEGS respectfully to intimate to the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he will be absent from town for a few days; on his return, due notice of which will be given, he will be prepared to take Ambrotype and Miratype Likenesses, as usual, in the latest style of the art.

Newmarket, July 22, 1857. tf-25

To Builders and Persons, Building.

THE undersigned has now on hand a large quantity of

WINDOW SASH & PANELLED DOORS,

Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest remunerative prices. He is also prepared to manufacture any description of Sash or Panel work on the shortest notice, or erect Buildings either by Contract or otherwise. Also, having a superior set of

JACKSCREWS,

Together with Tackles, Capsons, &c., for removing or raising Buildings, is prepared to take contracts for the same.

WM. V. SOUTHARD.

Newmarket, July 7, 1857. tf-23

Poetry.

From the American Union.

"Almost Home."

BY IVY STARR.

"I'm almost home," said an aged one,
As he watched the sunset's dying ray,
The toils and cares of earth were done,
And the shadows of death around him lay,
'Tis a weary way that my feet have trod,
But I care not now so the prize I win,
I can see the path that leads to God,
And his Angels will guide my steps therein.

"I'm almost home," said a being fair,
Thou hast come in kindness, oh death! to me,
The Angels wait to convey me there;
Another pang and my soul is free—
Let me gaze once more on the passing world,
Let me say farewell to the friends I love,
'Tis ever! ou angels wing unfurled,
I rise to the city of rest above.

"I'm almost home;" through the clouded sky
The star of hope in its brightness beams,
And I watch its rays with longing eye,
There is life and light in its cheering gleams.
Tho' sorrow and gloom may o'ercast my path
And the flowers of youth in their spring time fade,
May I safely steer through the tempest's wrath
Till my port in the harbor of heaven is made.

Literature.

Sandy Wright and the Poor Orphan.

It was a stormy evening, and in one of the wild desolate valleys of the Highlands, three men were walking quickly, that they might meet a shelter before the storm burst upon them in all its fury. They had travelled thirty miles that day; and the house at which they were to pass the night was still ten miles distant. The wind howled among the cliffs of the valley, and the flakes of snow began to beat in their faces.

'It will be a terrible night, lads, in the Moray Firth,' said the foremost traveler, a strong-shouldered, broad chested man; 'but what is that?' said he, pointing to a little figure by the side of the road.

"The figure arose, and came to meet them. Slow and feeble were the steps, and, as he approached they saw it was a little boy of about ten years of age.

'O, my puir boy!' said Sandy Wright, 'what can hae taken you here in a night like this?'

The boy told him that his mother had died and left him alone, and that he was going to Edinburg to seek his friends.

'But,' added he sorrowfully, 'I am tired and cannot walk further, and I'll be lost I'm feared, in the snow drift.'

'That ye winna my puir bairn, if I can help it,' said the good boatman; and taking the boy's hand, he told him to lean upon him. But the boy was too much exhausted to walk, though aided by the strong arm of his new friend, who, finding his efforts were vain carried him on his back.

The storm burst upon them in all its fury; and, half blinded by the thick snow, the travellers had to grope along the road and through the snow drifts, which were blown by the fierce winds across the path. Still the brave boatman passed on with his burden, though his companions without such load, were almost worn out; and after many a fall and stumble, and groan, they arrived two hours after dark, at the house where they were to spend the night.

There was an immense peat fire placed, according to the custom of the country, in the room, and the inmates were seated around it. They made way for the travelers, and Sandy Wright, unmindful of his own tired limbs, drew near to the fire and began to chafe the hands and feet of the boy, who was almost insensible from the cold and fatigue. When life and warmth was restored to his frozen limbs, he shared with his little charge his supper and bed, and took him on his journey the next morning, notwithstanding the remonstrances of his companions.

The little fellow told him his simple story. His mother was a poor widow, who had supported herself with her little child by sewing. When he was only six years old he had shown a love of reading, and his mother worked early and late to keep her son at school. She was but eighteen years older than her son; and often would she stop in the middle of her work, and, laying her hands on her breast, ask what he would do when she was dead? for her failing strength told her that the day was not far distant. Her fingers grow white and small and she could not sit up as before; but when her son looked at the deepening red of her cheeks, he thought she would not die.

One day, when he brought home the first prize from school, she threw her arms around him, while with tears in her eyes, she told him that his father's friends who were ashamed of her because she was poor, would be proud to be connected with him.

The mother's faith was strong in her heart. The lad could not go to school, but staid and watch by her bedside; and they would have starved but for a poor neighbor woman, who had but little to spare herself. He read to her every day two chapters in the Bible.—One day when she was very ill, and two of her neighbors had come to take care of her, she called the boy to her bedside, and told him, that when she was dead, he must go to Edinburgh for he had friends no where else. Her own friends were there, but they were too poor to do much for him; and his father's were there, but they were too grand to own her. But she told him not to be afraid by the way, for the good God knew all about him. And then, after a fond parting kiss, and a burst of sorrow, she bade him go to school.

When he came home he found her lying with a white cloth on her face, and the bed all white. The poor boy cried all night; and now she was buried out of his sight, he was travelling to Edinburgh as she had told him to do; and folks were kind to him, just as his mother said they would be. And he had his letters to show him the way to his mother's friends when he reached town; for he could read writing.

And God has put it into the heart of Sandy Wright to be kind to the poor orphan. He was like a father to him during his journey; he shared with him his bed, and carried him on his back when the lad was too tired to walk.

On reaching the Queen's Ferry, Sandy Wright found that his money was almost gone, and he intended to get the boy across without paying the usual fare; when the boat reached the middle of the Ferry, the gruff-looking ferryman began to collect the fare—passing the passengers one by one until he stood before the boy.

'Dinna stop before the boy,' cried Sandy Wright; 'he is a poor orphan—here is my groat.'

The Ferryman still held out his hand; and Sandy told him that they had found him in a desolate glen, bewildered by the storm; and that they were taking him to his friends in Edinburgh, and that he ought not to grudge him his passage.

The ferryman without answering, took off his cap; Sandy Wright twisted it out of his hand telling him to take care—that they did not know what would become of themselves or their own bairns. But the ferryman saying he would have the fare, or the fare's worth, if it were his jacket, laid hold of the boy, who began to cry. Then rose up Sandy, and seizing the ferryman in his powerful grasp, told him not to touch the puir thing, crying 'shame on ye man!' and the cry of 'shame! shame!' was echoed by the other passengers till the surly man gave up the point.

On landing, Sandy Wright told the boy that he had some business to do at the custom house, and some money to get, but that he would first try to find out his friends for him, that he must look into his letters and see in what street they lived.

The boy untied his bundle, which contained a few shirts and stockings, a parcel of papers, and a small box; and said that his mother charged him to keep the papers safely, for they told of her marriage; and in that box was her wedding ring. She could, he added, have got the money for it when she was sick and not able to work; but she would starve sooner than part with it; 'and I would na' like to part wi' it to any bodie but your sel', if ye would take it;' and opening the box he gave it to the boatman. It was a valuable diamond ring, and Sandy Wright, returning it to him, told him not to part with it to anybody.

They found the direction in one of the letters, and in a few minutes were walking up Grass Market. Suddenly the boy sprang to meet a young woman who was passing, and in whom he recognized his mother's sister. She knew him and warmly embraced him; and having been introduced to the brave friend of the boy, she told him of his parentage and prospects. His father was a young man of good family, but estranged from his friends by a vicious course of life.

He married a poor but virtuous and industrious woman, who was worthy of a better husband. Giving himself up to intemperate habits, he sunk into poverty and contempt; and in the midst of wretchedness, which would have been greater but for the effort of his wife, he was attacked by a fever, of which he died. Two of his brothers, who were lawyers, had recently inquired about the child; and would probably interest themselves in his behalf. The good boatman now bade farewell to the lad; slipping him his groat, which he said was better in his pocket than that of the gruff ferryman.

Eighteen years passed away before Sandy Wright again visited Edinburgh. He had left it a strong powerful man of forty-seven, he returned to it a grey-haired old man of sixty-five. Troubles, too, had come with his gray hairs. His son, a brave young fellow, who had arisen from the humblest post on deck, till he was lieutinant, had sailed upon an expedition from which he had never returned, and the poor old boatman, when about to retire on a pension to which he was entitled, for his long service at the Custom House, was dismissed without a shilling, on a charge of having connived at the escape of a smuggler. He had travelled a weary two hundred miles, with the hope that an inferior clerk in the Custom House, with whom he had some acquaintance might use his influence in his behalf. The clerk, who had given him but little encouragement, had appointed to meet him at Brown Square. Two hours after the appointed time had passed, and weary and sorrowful, Sandy Wright passed the street, watching and waiting for his friend, who came not; when a gentleman, who passed him quickly, abruptly paused, and retracing his steps, fixed his eyes steadfastly upon the old man.

'My name, sir, is Sandy Wright,' said the boatman touching his hat.

'My good, kind friend,' exclaimed the stranger, his face glowing with pleasure, as he grasped the old man's hand, 'often, often have I enquired for you, but no one could tell me where you were, or whether you were living or dead. Come with me to my house in the next square. What! not remember me; it will be ill with me when I cease to remember you! I am Hamilton, an advocate; but you will scarcely know me as that.

The astonished boatman accompanied his new friend to an elegant house in Brown Square, where, in a handsome parlor, he saw a young lady reading.

'Who of all the world have I found,' said the gentleman, 'but good Sandy Wright, the kind, brave man, who rescued me from perishing in the snow, and who was kind to me when I had no friends.

With a kind smile the lady held out her hand, and assured him that her husband had frequently spoken of his kindness, and regretted that he had no opportunity of acknowledging it.

The poor little orphan had been kindly cared for by his father's friends and by his dilligence in study and virtuous conduct, he had rewarded their care, and secured for himself an honorable position. And now, not with words only did he show his sense of that compassion, which had not passed by on the other side, and left him helpless and perishing, but had succoured him when ready to die.—He enquired into the charges made against the boatman, and finding that they were not very serious, he invited him to spend a few weeks at this house, till he could see what could be done for him. The weeks passed slowly, though he had an interested auditor in Mrs. Hamilton, who loved the stories which he told with humor and simplicity, and by her husband he was treated with the affectionate reverence of a son. But he was weary of the life of a gentleman, and sighed for the little smoky cottage and the 'puir auld wife.'

'Just stay with us one week longer,' said the advocate, 'you are not as active a man as when you carried me ten miles through the snow, and frightened the tall ferryman; and I will secure you a passage in one of the trading vessels to Leith.'

A few days after, Mr. Hamilton, his face beaming with pleasure, and with a packet in his hand, entered the room.

'This is from London,' said he, handing the packet to his wife, who had been conversing with the good boatmen, 'and it tells us that Alexander Wright, Custom House boatman, is to retire on a pension of twenty pounds per annum.'

Sandy Wright, grateful and contented, bade farewell to his kind friends, and retired to his native place, where he lived comfortably on his little income, which supplied all his moderate wants. He used to say that he was a sixty year old scholar before he knew the meaning of that verse, 'Cast thy bread upon the water, and thou shalt find it after many days.'

Courtship in California.

A writer in the San Francisco *Golden Era* gives the following as his experience:—"In the summer of 185—, I crossed the Plains in company with Capt. B —— and family, and fell deeply in love with his daughter. We arrived in the mines, and separated. I intended to make a pile soon, and then claim her hand. I worked six months, and found my worldly effects amounted to one very poor mule and the clothes on my back, viz: a gray shirt, the buckskin pants I crossed the plains in, and a pair of old shoes, and a wool hat. My pants terminated about half way from the knees to the shoes—no socks. I concluded I could wait no longer—must see my girl, and know if she still waited patiently. Mounted the mule and rode thirty miles—got there after supper—had no supper—too bashful to call for supper. At the proper time I went to bed, and put my pants in a crack between the logs to keep out the wind. There being but one room in the house, I thought to rise before the family; but oh, horror! my pants had been pulled out by the calves, which ran around the house. I laid low—women got breakfast, and left the room, evidently for me to rise; but I did not feel like it. Captain called out: "Ferguson, (I use that for short,) get up; breakfast is ready." I told him I did not feel well—had had a heavy chill during the night, and would prefer lying a bed. Breakfast over, they all left the house to milk.—"Now," said I, "Fergy, here is your show for breakfast." Got up, but found everything ate up, and retired again. The old captain soon came in with a large bucket of milk, set it down and left. I jumped up, and eagerly thrust my head into the milk, when I heard a noise at the door. I started for the bed, and run my head under the bale of the bucket—extricated myself as soon as possible, and broke for the bed. I could not see who it was, as they were in the rear, but I heard the girls giggle distinctly. The old man soon came in with the buck-skins *chawed* off to the knees. I took them, drew them on, found my mule as soon as possible, and left. I have not been courting since, and no doubt will die an old bachelor. I saw old Cap. afterwards, and he asked me very kindly to give them a call, and said, grimingly, "We have a corral, now away from the house that we keep the calves in."

Foreign and Colonial.

Goodwood Races—The Cup Day.

A great trial of strength with the American French and English horses imparted an additional attraction to the Cup Day. Prior and Prioress came to England with a vast reputation, while Florin and Monarque were not unknown to fame. The Americans regarded the success of one of their horses with no little confidence, and it must be confessed that, although Prior and Prioress were defeated, they were not disgraced. The horse lathered considerably on being stripped, but he ran right up in front to the distance, where Prioress too looked so formidable that a shout of "What against the Americans?" was raised by many voices. It was reserved for France, however to bear off the honors of the day, Monarque, who ran third for the Cup last year, winning it on the present occasion after one of the most exciting finishes ever witnessed. The English horses made no inglorious exhibition, and performed sufficiently well to sustain their reputation. As our description of the race will show the encounter was marked by a casuality which might have been as lamentable as that which occurred last year for the Goodwood Stakes Gunboat, while leading, fell at the turn into the strait, and Arsenal, who was in his wake, jumped upon him and stumbled, Fordham, however, managing to keep his seat. Gemma di Vergy and Kestrel were not so fortunate, both coming heavily to the ground, but their riders escaped any serious injuries. David Hughes was carried into the stand, and the Duke of Richmond, with his usual kindness and urbanity, was instantly in attendance upon him. Hughes was only severely shaken; he was removed to the Chicester Infirmary, where he received prompt medical assistance. It is impossible now to tell what might have been the result of the race had no accident happened. The general opinion was that the American horses—which were ridden by native jockeys, in striped jackets and starred caps—might have figured still more prominently had they been intrusted to men as experienced and accomplished in their profession as English jockeys. Indeed, in turf phraseology, Prioress "looked all over the winner" at the distance. The French people present were not a little gratified by the success of Monarque, and the prize which they will carry with them to France is a trophy worthy of possession.—*London Times, July 30th.*

☞ Lord Elgin has arrived at Hong Kong, a British possession on the Coast of China, and the residence of the English Governor, Sir John Bowring. An address had been presented to him by the merchants, urging him to make no compromise, but to teach the Chinese a wholesome lesson. It was thought probable that Admiral Seymour would seize on Canton." A large fleet of French men-of-war have arrived before this. Eight French vessels had touched at Madagascar, on their way to the coast of China. Admiral Seymour had sent official reports of the late naval actions, but they do not present any features of interest in addition to what we have already published. The total annihilation of the Chinese fleet has been accomplished in the most brilliant manner with a loss of eighty-three men. Half of the Chinese fire upon the water, and they will now be at the mercy of English gun and rocket boats. Lord Elgin is to visit Pekin if possible, and see the Emperor, and if his mulish Celestial Majesty cannot be made to understand plain English, the war will be carried along the Chinese coast, and what may be the upshot it is impossible at present to foresee. India, China, and Persia, and we may add Russia, are all arrayed in deadly hostility against England, but we are confident of the success of the little Island anchored off the coast of Europe, which will ere long give command to the populous and magnificent Empires of Asia.—*Banner.*

The Great Cricket Match.

CANADA VICTORIOUS!!

Our Canadian cricketers have gained their revenge for the defeat they sustained at New York last year, having this time beaten the New Yorkers with seven wickets to spare. Yesterday, the third day of the match, play commenced a few minutes before twelve o'clock—Messrs. Higham and Crossley, on the part of the States, batting to the bowling of Bradbury and Parsons. Crossly and Cuyp's wicket fell after 2 runs, making the total of States 2nd innings 89, and leaving 53 for Canada to score to win the match. Phillips and Rykert first went to the wickets on the side of Canada, to the bowling of Senior and Comery. Mr. Phillips made a fine score of 20, making 6 two hits, and a fine leg for three. He was at last caught by Lang, and the first wicket fell for 31. Mr. Heward followed; Mr. Rykert's wicket fell next for 9, and Mr. Parsons took the bat. Heward was run out for 12, and Mr. Bradbury succeeded, and Parsons finished the game by making a magnificent drive for 4, followed by a 2. Senior's bowling to-day was remarkably fine. The following is the complete score:—

UNITED STATES.

FIRST INNINGS.

Lang, leg before w. bowled by Bradbury,	3
Sharp caught by Phillips,	3
Wilby, bowled by Bradbury,	26
J. Senior, bowled by Bradbury,	0
Barlow, run out,	10
Higham, caught by Rykert,	5
Comery, bowled by Parsons,	4
Crossley, bowled by Parsons,	6
S. Wright, bowled by Dykes,	8
Bury, bowled by Bradbury,	12
Cuyp, not out,	3
Byes,	7
Wide balls,	13
No balls,	2
Leg byes,	4
	108

SECOND INNINGS.

Bury, run out,	0
Lang, caught by Rykert,	14
Comery, run out,	2
Senior, caught by Bradbury,	22
Wilby, caught by Dexter,	4
Barlow, run out,	2
Higham, still in,	11
Sharp, leg before wicket,	2
S. Wright, bowled by Parsons,	4
Crossley, caught by Hore,	5
Cuyp, bowled by Bradbury	1
Byes,	12
Wide Balls,	5
Leg byes,	5
Second Innings	89
First Innings,	108
Total score, United States,	197

CANADA.

FIRST INNINGS.

Heward, bowled by Wright,	32
Starling, bowled by Comery,	0
Rykert, bowled by Comery,	5
Head, bowled by Comery,	0
Parsons, bowled Wright,	30
Dykes, bowled by Senior,	4
Bradbury, caught by Sharp,	31
Hore, caught by Wilby,	6
Pickering, not out,	18
Dexter, bowled by Senior,	2
H. Phillips, run out,	1
Byes,	4
Wide balls,	8
Leg byes,	3
No ball,	1
Total First Innings	145

SECOND INNINGS.

Heward, run out,	12
Starling,	0
Rykert, bowled by Wright,	9
Head,	0
Parsons, not out,	6
Dykes,	0
Bradbury, not out,	0
Hore,	0
Pickering,	0
Dexter,	0
Phillips, c. by Lang, bowled by Wright,	20
Byes,	1
Wides,	3
Leg byes,	2
2nd Innings	53
1st innings,	145
Total,	198

Canada won—7 wickets to go down.—*Globe.*

☞ An extra of the Official *Gazette* was issued on Monday, containing an order by the Queen in Council that in all Prayers, Litanies, and Collects for the Royal Family, the words "The Prince Consort" be inserted instead of the words, "The Prince Albert," which order the Administrator of the Government is desired to make known throughout Canada, "the Right Reverend the Bishops" being commanded "to take care that obedience be paid to the same accordingly." We do not see how the publication of this Royal Order is quite consistent with the Act of our Provincial Parliament, doing away with "all semblance of connection between Church and State" in this Province.—*Globe.*

New Advertisements.

Mill Property for Sale—Jared Lloyd.
Bonney's Hotel—E. Younglove.
For Sale—James Weir.
House and Lot for Sale—John Kane.
$40 Reward—John Brown.
Notice—James Brockup.
Jewelry—E. Gunther.
Watches, Clocks, &c—Wm. Wharin.
Sheffield House—J. Robinson & Co.
Strayed—B. Coly,

Agents for the "New Era"

AURORA.—Messrs. Ashton & Machell.
KETTLEBY.—Mr. S. Snider.
LLOYDTOWN.—Mr. J. J. Pearson.
BROWNSVILLE.—Messrs. Manning & Walker.
BOSOMHEAD.—Mr. John Boldy.
HOLLAND LANDING—Mr. J. M. Raper.

☞ Agents will be appointed in other places as soon as proper persons can be selected.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday Aug. 28, 1857.

General Summary.

☞ We are indebted to the kindness of Mr. Joshua Bogart for a basket of some of the finest young potatoes we have seen this season. They were of the English White kind, and when properly cooked, are both dry and mealy.

☞ The Holland Landing Sabbath School Tea Party takes place to-morrow, (Saturday.) Refreshments will be served at 3 o'clock p. m., after which several addresses will be delivered.

☞ A correspondent writes us to enquire when the Fall Shows of North York, Stouffville, King, and East Gwillimbury take place? This question we cannot answer at present. Due notice will no doubt be given through the columns of the *Era*; but it is hardly time yet.

☞ A genetal meeting of the Mechanics' Institute takes place in the Temperance Hall, on Monday evening next, to receive a Report from the Delegates to the "Board of Arts and Manufactures," and the transaction of general business. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

☞ From the Townships of North Gwillimbury and Georgina we learn the late heavy rains have done considerable damage to the crops. Fall wheat had commenced sprouting in shock, and spring grain had been levelled to the earth. Root crops promise well.

☞ By referring to our advertising columns, it will be seen that a new first-class Hotel has lately been opened in Buffalo by Mr. E. Younglove, late of the Franklin House. This building is indeed a spacious one and fitted up with great taste and care for the accomodation of guests. The well-known character of the gentleman conducting it, and from its central position, we have no doubt this House will receive a great run. The Franklin House will be kept up, as usual, by the same proprietors.

☞ The Newmarket Brass Band Concert takes place this evening, in the Union Sabbath School Room. Doors open at half-past 7; Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. All who feel any interest in having a Band sustained in the locality should be present. Tickets can be had at the Stores of Messrs. Bogart, Sutherland, Parker and Bentley and at the Post Office. It would save much trouble and inconvenience if those who purpose attending would purchase tickets at one of the above places—it being oftentimes difficult, where a crowd collect, to make change at the door. For particulars of Concert, see programmes.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—J. C.—Black Rock, N. Y.,—We cannot furnish what you want: have not got them.

G. J.—Buffalo, N. Y.,—All right. Send along the papers spoken of. Will write you in a few days.

S. W.—Hawks Eyedown, Wis.,—Papers forwarded as per request.

"Phœnix."—You must have just risen, or you would have known that we insert no communications without knowing the name of the author: not necessarily for publication; but as a guarantee for the truthfulness of what a correspondent is writing about. We would not have even taken this much notice of your letter, but for its importance. Send your name

Newmarket Corporation.

A correspondent writes us this week to know what is the "amount of *property qualification* required" for the office of Village Councillor at our forth-coming municipal election. We are enabled very easily to answer that question, and do so by quoting the law in regard thereto. Had our correspondent extended the enquiry, as to what, *in reality*, should qualify an individual for a Councillor, the question could not have been so satisfactorily answered,—inasmuch as people differ so so widely on this point. For our part, we will be quite satisfied if really practical men—possessing sound principles—who act from a consciousness of what is right, without regard to personal aggrandizement, be elected. Men who have been enabled to carry on their own business successfully, *if they will* take an interest in the affairs of the Town, can also work the corporation to the public advantage. We should decidedly object to the election of those not willing to make a slight personal sacrifice for the public good. The first year particularly, we want men of judgment, discrimination and forethought—men who reason from cause to effect, and who take a lively interest in the prosperity and welfare of the inhabitants. We want men, too, who will rest satisfied with what might be termed *necessary improvements!* The world was not made in a day; neither do we see the necessity of entering largely upon improvements the first year. Do what is absolutely required for the welfare of the place, *by all means*; but what we mean is, not to enter upon heavy undertakings,—and thus incur liabilities that will hang like an incubus upon our energies, or tend to cripple our trade or commerce.

We have digressed thus far from the enquiry of our correspondent, to show that something beyond a mere *property* qualification is required. The possession of a large amount of this world's goods, is not by any means a criterion by which to judge of the quantity of brains—or of the practical utility of every theoretical calculation of such men; but when we find men capable of reducing their theories to practice, with results redounding to the advantage of the country at large, then we have the material upon which certainly can be placed. In regard to the following clause of Municipal Act it will be observed that it speaks of *Township Councillors*; but the 4th clause of our Corporation Act makes the qualification of both Councillors and electors, the same as in the Township:

"No person shall be qualified to be elected a Township Councillor, at any such Election who shall not be a Freeholder or a Householder of such Township at the time the assessment was taken, and at the time of such Election seized or possessed of real property held in his own right or that of his wife as proprietor or tenant thereof, which shall be rated in his name on such Collector's Roll, in the case of a freeholder to the amount of One Hundred Pounds or upwards, and in the case of a householder to the amount of Two Hundred Pounds or upwards; and the persons entitled to vote at such election shall be Freeholders and Householders of such Township or Ward, whose names shall be entered on the said Roll as rated for ratable real property, held in their own right or that of their wives respectively, as proprietors or tenants thereof, and who at the time of such election shall be resident in such Township or Ward; Provided always, nevertheless, firstly, that the occupant of a house built of logs whether hewn or unhewn, shall be considered a Householder, within the meaning of this Act, in case he shall be rated therefor as a Householder upon such Collector's Roll as aforesaid. Provided also, secondly, that the occupant of any separate portion of a house, having a distinct communication with a public road or street by an outer door, shall also be considered a Householder within the meaning of this Act, in case he shall in like manner be rated therefor as a Householder upon such Collector's Roll as aforesaid: Provided also, thirdly, that whenever both the owner and occupant of any real property shall be so rated in respect of such ratcable real property, the owner and the occupant shall both be deemed rated within the meaning of this section; And provided also, fourthly, that where any such real property shall be owned or occupied jointly by more than one person, and the amount at which the same shall be so rated, shall be sufficient, if equally divided between them, to give a qualification to each, then and in every case, every male Freeholder or Householder whose name shall appear on such Roll as one of joint owners or occupants of such real property, shall be deemed a person rated within the meaning of this section; but if the amount at which such real property shall be so rated, shall not be sufficient, if so divided, to give a qualification to each of such joint owners or occupants then, none of such owners or occupants shall be deemed a person rated within the meaning of this section.

Atlantic Telegraph.

From Toronto we have received the following telegraphic communication, to which we direct attention:

"Our City Council have directed the Mayor to proclaim a Public Holiday, on reliable information being received of the successful landing and working of the Atlantic Telegraph Cable. Give your authorities the hint, that they may do likewise, and have a general holiday throughout Canada on this triumph of science. The cable is expected daily at Newfoundland."

Now, then, what will our Authorities do in this matter? Shall we not celebrate this eventful epoch in the world's history? and accord to science and industry that mode of praise and honor so justly due? We say, yes! by all means. Let us not be backward in showing how highly we appreciate and commend such mighty triumphs of science and genius. We propose that a meeting at once be held, and power be deputed to a committee to make arrangements; and also announce the day of celebration, on receipt of reliable information that the cable has been landed. To-night, after the Concert, would be a good time to announce the public meeting. To show that the idea of an universal celebration is about to take place, we copy Professor Mahan's remarks,—the gentleman who created such a sensation at the Court of St. James, by wearing a buff vest:

"After the line is completly secured, let a moment of time be agreed upon by the Committee, in which, from the American terminus, as a central point, the command, *shout with a mighty voice*, shall be sent through Great Britain and her dependencies and the United States, wherever connecting lines may lead to. At this moment, let all men who may be congregated for that purpose, as merchants or change, operatives, school, &c., send up three simultaneous cheers. Let the two great kindred nations thus wonderfully linked together, at the same moment interchange grand national salutes from their chief naval and commercial harbors. Let bands of music and organs, on the side of England, play "Hail Columbia," and the "President's March;" whilst, on our side, "God save the Queen," and any other national English airs, as are similarly played.

Magistrates' Court.

BEFORE ELI GORHAM AND R. H. SMITH, ESQRS.

Newmarket, Aug. 21, 1857.

Thomas Pargitter was brought up before the Court this morning, charged by Dr. Hackett, with violently assaulting with intent to do bodily injure. From the evidence it appears Pargitter, without cause, acted in a most shameful manner—not only towards Dr. Hackett, but several others, on the previous evening. Fined, 10s and costs,—amounting altogether to $6. This sum Pargitter could not pay and was sent to break stone for 15 days.

Newmarket, Aug. 25, 1857.

The same Magistrates, as above, presiding.

Thomas Wallis, a son of Mr. Wm. Wallis was brought up this morning charged with stabbing and maiming one Patrick Holleran—an apprentice in the employ of Mr. Wallis. The evidence is too lengthy for publication; but we may sum it up briefly. It appears that the two boys got scuffling about a ball, when Holleran threatened to put Wallis out of the shop. This, of course, Mr. Wallis' son did not like, and a tussel ensued. In the melee, Wallis being some years the younger, was getting worsted, and on the spur of the moment he seized a knife lying upon the work-bench to defend himself. This knife Holleran attempted to take from Wallis, and in the struggle got stabbed in the fleshy part of the arm a little above the elbow. The case would not have assumed the serious aspect it now has, had not young Wallis said since the accident, "it was good enough for him, and if he don't leave me alone I will do it again." After hearing the evidence, the Magistrates stated as Wallis had admitted the charge of stabbing, there was no other alternative left but to order a committal, and leave the case for the Sessions to decide. They could not take bail; but no doubt the Judges would bail him. The Court then adjourned.

Railway Accidents.

During the late Session of Parliament an "Act for the better Prevention of Accidents on Railways" passed both Houses and became law. While it was being pushed through the Lower House, we gave a synopsis of its provisions; after that time, however, and before it finally passed, a clause was inserted of considerable interest to every farmer along the various railway lines in the Province. We give the clause entire to put people on their guard:—

Section XVI. No horses, sheep or swine or other cattle, shall be permitted to be at large upon any highway within a half a mile of the intersection of any highway with any Railway on grade unless the same respectively shall be in charge of some person or persons to prevent their loitering or stopping on such highways at such intersection with any Railway, and all such cattle so found at large in contravention hereof, may be impounded by any person finding the same at large, in the nearest pound, to the place where the same shall be so found, and the pound-keeper with whom the same shall be so impounded shall detain the same in the like manner, and subject to the like regulations as to the care and disposal thereof, as in the case of cattle impounded for trespass on private property, and no person, any of whose cattle so at large, shall be killed by any train at such point of intersection shall have any action against any Railway Company in respect to the same being so killed.

☞ Another bogus agent for "Harper" and other Magazines visited our town a week or too since soliciting subscribers. He was agreeing to furnish "Harper" at $2 per annum—delivering the first No. on receiving a *part* of the day in *advance*. After our people are fleeced a few times more, we hope they will learn better than encourage such villains. If such works as those above-mentioned are wanted, either go to a respectable Agent here, or forward the money direct to the publishers. The individual above referred to reminds us of what the Lock Haven *Watchman* said a short time since, of a certain public Lecture—"He was a strolling individual, too lazy to work, and entirely too mean to steal." One of the New York Magazines advertises his name as "Bishop," and the public are cautioned against subscribing to such individuals. He appears to us to be a person, who, having failed at making his fortune at peddling 'Bass-wood Hams" and "Wooden Nutmegs," has *vamoosed* from the neighboring Republic to escape "public board at the expense of the state," and come to Canada in search of a 'new occupation." Our exchanges will please pass him round

Correspondence.

☞ We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Board of Trade.

To the Editor of the New Era.

SIR—I am pleased to see you have introduced the subject of a Board of Trade, and trust that no innuendos from individuals or slurs from the Bradford *Chronicle* or any other source, will prevent your agitating the utility of such an Institution even in a Village.

To my mind there are several reasons why there ought to be a Board of Trade in Newmarket. Barrie has one, Collingwood has followed the example, and why not Newmarket? Surely if it works well in large places like Toronto, Montreal, and Hamilton where there are such a vast number engaged in business, and with a number of other organisation to protect the trade and commerce of the place, it is nothing but reasonable to suppose that in smaller communities it will have the same beneficial effect.

If there was a Board of Trade here there would be no occasion of the question being asked—"Who will take the lead?" When any matter of public improvement or general interest to the community sprung up, the citizens would with propriety turn to the Board (consisting of men engaged in mercantile and other pursuits, leading men in the Village) and ask—What do you consider the best plan? and that Board forming a standing committee would be a point to start from; but as it is now, if you ask a man whom you have a right to think ought to take a prominent part—in getting a road made for instance—why dont you make an effort? his answer is—Because! and there the matter drops, verifying the old saying—"What is everybody's business is nobody's." If there was a Board of Trade here, means could be adopted to shorten the present minous length of time given as a credit; but as it is, every man admits that he his wrongin buying up three and four months time at the outside, selling the same at 12 months, and out of £5000 worth of goods that he may credit, only collect (and that with great trouble) £3000,—and for the other £2000 wait another year. Then if he charges legal interest, he complained of, and probably lose the customer for asking for his own. This grievance could in a great measure be obviated by the Board first, and then getting merchants in the neighborhood to fall in with the arrangement, of placing the credit of the county on a better footing. By such an united action, there would be less work for the Division Courts, and much less litigation and humbug from lawyers. Every man admits credits are too long and settlements too seldom; and yet without some such organisation it is difficult to make an alteration from the present system; as this man will not make a move for fear of losing a customer, and the other will not for fear of losing popularity, and the third objects—"Because!"

Again, I do not consider the Board meet entirely for the purpose of regulating prices.—That is the last consideration; although a very necessary one. They meet to ascertain what would be the best means to promote the trade and commerce of the place—to discuss whether it would be the best plan to open up this road, or that road—to encourage traffic from any particular quarter, where now they get none—in fact, these, and many other things a Board of Trade could do with propriety, which now is left undone for the want of an union of action amongst men engaged in the active pursuits of life, and whose well doing depend so much on the proper developments of the country or locality where they reside. And in a place like ours (where some men are required to be anything for the public weal) it is doubly necessary.

I am satisfied we would had a Port of Entry here, had a Board of Trade been in existence; but as it is, it does'nt happen to be any one's particular business,—so it goes. It is true, we are to have a Council, but I do not expect everything from them. Even in that case, the Board would exercise a most salutary influence. For instance, should the Council vote themselves certain amount for their services—I fear they will not work for nothing—not to public spirited as that, or should they make the roads good in one place before their own property, and leave others to take care of themselves; or keep the money that ought to be expended in sidewalks or roads, buttoned up tightly in their own pockets, feigning not to know what to do with it, as is the case in some localities less fortunate than ourselves.

These things all have happened, and may occur again. Hence I think the Board, consisting of men having the interest of the village at heart, (simply because it is their interest,) would act as a wholesome check, and a source whereby the inhabitants could bring their influence to bear to have things done properly.

Begging your forgivness for my long epistle, and hoping some of our business men will give their views on the subject, and form a Board at once.

I am,
Yours with respect,
L. L. D.

Newmarket, Aug. 20, 1857.

One More Notice.

To the Editor of the New Era.

SIR—Your correspondent "Durante Vita" would fain make our villagers, as well as the public at large, believe that he is something extraordinary. In his last letter he commences with a tremendous flow of language about something to my mind, that has nothing to do with the question at issue. In my last letter I accused him of stating that which was not true: this he does not attempt to deny or justify; but goes direct to New York for a subject, and leaves it the very next moment and comes down to our little village. He says he is "proud of it." Now, sir, I am as proud of our Village as he is, and I think more so; for he considers it second to yours, which I do not, (save and except the *drones* we have in it.)

Again, he says I am "casting a slur upon our Village;"—this I am willing to leave for the public to decide, and say whether I am casting a slur upon the Village, or the parties spoken of. He further says I was "making myself very busy that day" and "have been since." No doubt he thinks so,—for I have exposed the Magistrate's faults, which I considered my duty in the hope that he would do better for the future.

Now, Mr. Editor, I think there is something very strange about Mr. "Vita," for in his last letter he contradicts what was stated in his first. In his first effort he stated that "he was present when the affray spoken of took place;" but lo! and behold! in his last article affirms he "saw nothing." For Mr. "Vita's" information I would just say, that if I desired the office of a Squire I should not apply to him nor his friend; although he says "we" will have "him appointed"—mark the word *we*! In so far as his jaw-breakers go, such as "*insanus*," &c., let Mr. Durante Vita apply a share to himself; for I think I am as sane as he is, at all events. I would beg, however, to thank the gentleman for the many titles he has given me in his last letter—there being not less than five. He concluded by saying he would leave me "alone in my glory." So mote it be, if he cannot come nearer the truth than heretofore.

Yours, &c.,
NUMBSCULL.

Aurora, Aug. 25, 1857.

Foreign and Colonial.

Arrival of the Anglo Saxon.

QUEBEC, August 23.

The *Anglo-Saxon* arrived here about eight o'clock this morning.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

VALENTIA, 10th August, 4 p. m.

The work of laying down the Atlantic telegraph cable is going on up to the present time as satisfactory as its best friends can desire—nearly three hundred miles have been successfully laid in the sea. The depth of water into which it is being submerged is about 1700 fathoms or about 2 miles. The transmission from the shallow to the greater depth was affected without much difficulty. The signals are everything that an electrician could desire—the ships are sailing with a moderately fair breeze, and paying out at the rate of five miles an hour. Messages are being constantly interchanged between the ships and the shore—all are well on board, and in excellent spirits, and hourly becoming more and more trustful of success.

ENGLAND.

The Emperor and Empress had returned to France.

Nothing new from India. The non-receipt of the India telegraph leads to an impression that the steamer from Calcutta may again have been detained by order of the Governor General. The last and preceeding steamers were detained respectively four days and one day.

The trial of Spollen closed yesterday. The verdict was "not guilty."

John Bright has been returned for Birmingham without opposition.

In the house of Commons, Lord Palmerston, in reply to some remarks by Mr. Disraeli, stated that it was quite true there had been differences of opinion between the Governments of England and France, not, however, with regard to the union or non-union of the two provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia, but with regard to the regularity or irregularity of the recent elections.

SPAIN.

The *Discussion* had been condemned to a fine of ten thousand reals for publishing an article offensive to the Government. Some more of the parties condemned for participation in the recent insurrection in Andalusia had been pardoned.

There had been misunderstandings at Constantinople, and diplomatic relations were about to be suspended by the representatives of Russia, Sardinia, Prussia and France.

The recent visit of the Emperor of the French to Osborne, accompanied by his Minister of Foreign Affairs, gave an opportunity of conferring with the French Government on the subject. It had been agreed that there was at least *prima facie* grounds for inferring the irregularity of the elections, and it had been decided to recommend the Sultan to annul them. There was good reason to believe that the Austrian Government would concur in this course, and the Sultan, seeing that there was nothing to compromise his dignity or independence, would adopt it. There were no grounds for apprehension that any estrangement of good feeling would take place between the Governments of England and France.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Provisions inactive. Breadstuffs moderately active. Weather continues broken. At Tuesday's market transactions in wheat took place at a decline of 3d in 70 lbs. Flour was in fair request at rather lower rates.—Indian Corn declined 1s, with little doing. White Canadian wheat 9s to 9s 3d per 70 lbs; southern 9s 2d to 9s 4d; red western 8s a 8s 4d; red southern 8s 9d a 9s; western canal flour 30s a 31s; Philadelphia 31s a 32s; Ohio 30s a 33s; St. Louis 33s a 35s 6d.

Indian Corn—Yellow 35s a 36s 6d; mixed 35s a 36s; white 40s a 41s.

Consols for money 89¼ a 90—ac. 90¼.

NEW YORK, AUGUST 21th.

Surrogate Bradford to-day rendered a decision on the Burdell estate. The decision is very elaborate and lengthy, and concludes by declaring that Mrs. Cunningham is not the widow of Dr. Burdell, and by directing that letters of administration be issued to her next of kin.

From the N. Y. Albion.

Canada: The Hudson Bay Territory; Et Cetera.

In another column will be found the Report of that famous Parliamentary Committee, whereon the eyes of our neighbors have been for some time past wistfully bent. What they think of it we shall presently know; nor is it for us to pass summary judgement on an official paper of supreme importance, which may be viewed in several aspects. We must, however, advise interested readers not to content themselves with a single perusal of the document, for if there be in it any one distinctive feature, it is the indefinitoness that prevails on points whereon precision might have been expected. Thus, if on taking up your morning paper, you find it advised that Vancouver's Island and the Red River and Saskatchewan district be taken from the Company, and annexed to Canada, you will subsequently observe sundry little conditions clogging and hampering the recommendation. The Committee would have the "connection"—as it is delicately termed—with Vancouver's Island terminated, "as soon as it can conveniently be done." They would transfer the district just named, "upon substantial proof being of her (Canada's) willingness and ability to administer them." Modestly put, is it not? The colonists claim certain lands, the tales to which are distrusted by the corporate possessors and scouted by the actual occupants. Yet the Company—speaking through this report—assumes to dictate the terms of which it will yield what it cannot hold, terms to which might be so twisted as to keep the in corners at arms length for a considerable space of time. We doubt whether the national *amour propre* of the Province will relish this sort of dictation; or consent to see itself regarded as a supplicant for the Company's condescending grace.

But though we could point out in almost every paragraph some qualifying or mollifying phrase, which is capable of perversion, the concluding acknowledgment of the Committee is quite sufficient to show that its legitimate purposes are unfulfilled. Granting that they specify—as they say they do—"the principal objects which they think it would be desirable to obtain," do they recommend the House of Commons to enact measures for carrying these out? Certainly not. What then? Why, they tell us that they can't answer for it that the Company may not throw obstacles in the way, by pleading their chartered rights. Still, they have had a hint that the Corporation is reasonably disposed, and so they gave it as their opinion, that the Imperial and Provincial Governments ought to talk the matter over quietly with the Hudson's Bay Company: these three parties to steer clear of quarrels amongst themselves, and to make some sort of amicable adjustment, which may be worked out, next session, through the medium of a government Bill! Truly, we expect to meet with some pleasant little expression of surprise in the Canadian papers next week, at this lame and impotent conclusion emanating from a select body of the Representatives of the British people.

Yet is there balm in Gilead. With a Parliamentary Bill comes on a Parliamentary discussion; and though the hand of Mr. Edward Ellice may be easily traced in this specious Report, his voice will not carry so much weight, if care be taken to have the right men in the right place at the right time. By the next session of the Canadian Legislature, our M. P.'s at home may be considerably enlightened. The sky has not fallen yet.

Every one allows that the pen is mightier than the sword; but we can see no reason why a smart Magazine article should set a country inopportunely discussing a problem, which does not press for a solution to-day or to-morrow. Somebody in *Blackwood* has lately taken up the old theme of Colonial Representation in Parliament and an united British North America; and forthwith the local press plunges deep into the subject, with all the vigor and earnestness that distinguish it when serious topics are on hand. But we cannot follow it. There are other and prior claims for settlement—amongst them intercommunication, the locality of the Canadian capital, the very conflict with the Corporation to which we have just adverted.

Besides this, it would scarcely be fair to embarrass our Ministry just at present; they must have their hands and their heads full. And further still, and lastly—so rapid is the increase of Colonial population, and wealth, and power, that the longer British American waits before knocking for admission into Parliament or permission to join in a League, the more irresistable will be the front presented.

The Meeting Last Night.

The citizens of Toronto assembled last evening to express their views on the Hudson's Bay question—and a most triumphant demonstration it certainly was. St. Lawrence Hall was crowded with our most intelligent and energetic business men, and a degree of interest and enthusiasm was manifested, such as we have rarely witnessed at a public meeting.—It was rumoured during the day that opposition would be offered to the resolutions—that the friends of the Ministry were to attend in force and stem, if they could, the current of public disapprobation. And the rumour turned out to be well founded. No sooner was the first resolution moved and seconded, than Mr. Ogle R. Gowan ascended the rostrum amid the cheers of the Ministeralists. He did not venture to oppose the resolution directly, in face of the strong feeling already manifested throughout the meeting—but he attempted to break up the meeting by a sidewind. He urged that Mr. Draper had arrived in Kingston, would be soon in Toronto and that it would be only fair to give him a chance of addressing the citizens ere adopting any resolutions; he also contended that the resolutions to be offered to the meeting should have been printed and circulated beforehand. He therefore proposed that the meeting should stand adjourned for one week! Mr. Gowan's drift was soon perceived by the meeting, and he was certainly left in no doubt as to the opinion of the vast majority of those present in regard to it; the least allusion to Draper or the Ministry brought down a storm of hisses. Mr. Brown followed Mr. Gowan, and showed the flimsy grounds on which the proposal rested; he charged that it was simply a Ministerial attempt to defeat the objects of the meeting, and called on all present to resist it. Mr. Cumberland, the well known Government architect, followed on the Ministerial side. Finding the Gowan manœuvre was a failure, Mr. Cumberland threw off the mask and came out as a direct opponent of the resolution. He talked of the difficulties, of the expense, and of the incapacity of the people of Canada to govern so great a country—but he had a very impatient audience. Mr. Burt replied to Mr. Cumberland, and spoke warmly against the monopoly. The Mayor then put the Resolution to the meeting, which was carried amid hearty acclamations—the dissentients being so few that they did not persist in their opposition.—No further attempt at opposition was made, with the exception of a frantic protest on the part of Mr. Thomas Hrubskill against the abusive words spoken of Mr. Justice Draper. All the resolutions were carried with all but entire unanimity, and those condemning the Administration were loudly applauded. The speaking was very good. Mr. Oliver Mowat and Mr. Adam Wilson made admirable address. A full report will be found in another column.

We cannot doubt that this great demonstration at the capital, with the eyes of the Government upon it, will have a most salutary influence on the great question under discussion. It will show the friends of progress in England that the views of Mr. Draper, which so astounded them, were not the views of the people of Canada—and that the conduct of that gentleman while in London, and the supineness of the Ministry who sent him, are condemned as unequivocally in Canada as they are in England. We trust, however, that the Toronto meeting is but the precursor of many other similar expressions of public opinion throughout the Province.—*Globe of Wednesday.*

AN APPROPRITE INAUGURATION.—"Glory be to God on high, and on earth peace and good will towards men." This is to be the first message transmitted over the Atlantic telegraph.

☞ The Albany *Express* says that a Buffalo firm have just closed a contract for the delivery of one hundred thousand bushels of Chicago Spring Wheat, at a decline of fifty cents from present prices.

☞ The London correspondent of the Paris *Presse* says that Ledru Rollin has brought an action against the London *Times* for an article alluding to him in connection with the recently discovered conspiracy.

☞ The Kingston *Whig* intimates that the Bursar of the Penitentiary in that city, Mr. Thomas Martyn, has been detected in certain criminal practices, and that certain strange revelations of dishonesty in that institution are to come out.

☞ The Montreal *Transcript* professes to have private information from England in reference to the Seat of Government. It says that Montreal has been selected as the favored city, but that the official announcement of the fact will not be made until our Provincial Parliament again assemble.

☞ A few minutes after 12 o'clock on Thursday, says the Brantford *Expositor*, the boiler in Mr. W. Watts' sash and blind factory exploded, carrying away the engine house completely, and scattering bricks, scantling, and the siding of the building about in all directions. Fortunately the workmen had left the building for dinner just before the explosion, hence no one was hurt. The loss will be about $1000.

☞ The noted house, No. 31 Bond street, New York is vacated. The Misses Cunningham are no longer occupants of it; the furniture has been removed by the tradesmen who supplied it; and not a sound at present disturbs the solitude of the premises where Dr. Bardell was murdered—from which the marriage party repaired to Rev. Mr. Marvine's—and where the Bellevue baby was a second time born. The Misses Cunningham, it is understood, are in Lexington Avenue with her aunt.—*Globe.*

☞ Mr. Quinn, writing to us from the Peninsula, says:—This morning, 17th August, we had a terrific storm from the southward and eastward, which has laid in ruins the whole front of Quinn's Peninsula Hotel. The first story of the Hotel was built of brick, and very thick. The seas broke so hard against the house that the whole front has fallen down; and still continue falling. Unless the storm abates the whole house will be down before night. He adds: we have several channels through the Island at present.—*Leader.*

TWO WOMEN TARRED.—On the night of the 3rd of August, about ten o'clock, two women named Domethilde Malo and Julie Lavoue, while on the wharf at Longueuil, were seized by four men, and their bodies covered over with tar. One of them was so badly injured that she had to be taken to the Hotel Dieu Hospital, and the other complains that her sight is affected in consequence. Four persons in the employ of the Grand Trunk have been arrested and identified as the parties who committed the deed. They have been admitted to bail in two sureties of £75 each, on the two accusations, and themselves in £150 each.—*Pilot.*

HALIFAX, August 15th.—The Merchants' powder magazine, containing the whole stock of powder in Halifax, exploded with a terrific concussion, shortly after midnight last night. One man was killed, and fifteen others were seriously injured. Five houses were demolished and several damaged. The Government magazines and the new barracks were much shattered, and nearly all the windows in the northern part of the city were broken. The damage is estimated at $100,000. The magazine is supposed to have been fired by an incendiary. For hours the excitement was intense. Many persons were thrown from their beds, and others, bewildered, rushed to the streets for safety, believing an earthquake had occurred.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The Chinese correspondent of the *Times*, writing on board the United States steamship *San Jacinto*, June 9, reiterates the report that the Island of Formosa is to be seized, and held as an indemnification for the losses sustained by American citizens during the recent war. He says that Captain Simons, of the Marine corps attached to the *San Jacinto*, was three months previously despatched to Formosa with instructions to hoist the American flag in the city of Fung Shan, and take formal possession of the Island. The same correspondent says that the rebels in the northern part of China have captured the cities of Chaonwoo and Gieping in the interior, and are advancing on Hulow. The Imperial forces in the vicinity of the Chinese Paris, Suchan, have revolted; driving the Governor of the province and his official from the city, and have taken possession of and lobbed the military chest of 50,000 pails of silver. Two thousand starving refugees from Nankin had sought and obtained relief at Shanghai. The U. S. steam frigate *Mississippi*, bound for China, came down from the navy yard, this morning, and anchored off the battery.

☞ A deluge of counterfeit money was showered down upon New York City on Tuesday evening last. It is supposed $10,000 of counterfeit 5's on the Lee Bank of Massachusetts were passed off in different parts of the city. The bar keeper at the St. Nicholas took $40, that being a favorite spot, no doubt, for the financial operations of the gang, and where they considered they got their money's worth. The first arrest was that of a woman who offered a bill in a fancy store in Canal street. Telegraphic communication was opened with the police stations all over the city, and eight persons were arrested during the evening having this money about them. It is supposed that but a small part of the gang was detected.—*Colonist.*

By Telegraph.

Arrival of the America.

HALIFAX, Aug. 26.

The Royal Mail Steamship *America*, Captain Lang, from Liverpool on Saturday the 15th inst., arrived at this port at an early hour this morning.

The Liverpool breadstuffs market exhibited an upward tendency, the weather having been unfavorable for the crops. All qualities of wheat and flour had slightly advanced. White corn was dull, and slightly lower.

The Liverpool provision market was generally quiet. Sugar had declined considerably.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols closed at 91¼.

The news by this steamer is three days later from Europe, and is of the highest importance.

The Atlantic Telegraph, we regret to say, for the present is a failure. On the morning of the 11th inst., when 335 miles west from the Irish coast, the cable broke. The vessels were returning to England with the remains of the cable, still over 2,000 miles in length, and perhaps sufficient to unite the two continents. The directors were sanguine of ultimate success.

A conference was to be held in London on the 13th inst., for the purpose of determining whether to go on again immediately with the balance of the Cable, or wait till another summer.

The Indian mail had arrived with intelligence of great moment. Contrary to general expectation in England, Delhi had not fallen up to the 29th of June, the date of the latest advices. Further mutinies had occurred among the native troops.

There is nothing of importance from China.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Aug. 27th, 1857.

The Toronto Market has been very unsettled during the week!

Fall Wheat (old) $1:50 a $1:56. New Wheat was sold at $1:70 and some as low as $1.

Flour—superfine $6:25 a $6:50 cts. Fancy, $7:50; Extra $7:75 a $8 per bbl.

Barley (new) $1, and very little doing.

Oats—quiet and sell at about 70 cts. wholesale.

Corn—firm at 85 cts. per bushel.

Potatoes 75 cts. per bushel.

Butter—25 cts.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket Aug. 28th, 1857.

Fall Wheat, old, $1:00c. a $1:60c. per bushel.

Spring Wheat, None offering.

Flour, $7 a $8, per barrel.

Oats, 60 cts. per bushel.

Peas, 75 cts. per bushel.

Butter, 17 cts. per lb.

Eggs, 15 cts per dozen.

Cheese, 12½ cts. per lb.

Wood, 25 a 30 cts. per lb., for prime.

Hay, new, $10.

New Advertisements.

BONNEY'S HOTEL,

E. YOUNGLOVE, PROPRIETOR,
Corner of Washington and Carroll Streets,
Buffalo, N. Y.

THIS HOUSE is centrally located, about five rods below the Post-Office, and but a short distance from the different Rail Road Depots, and in one of the pleasantest streets of the city. The House and Furniture are entirely new; and it has a large and Spacious Reading Room, Barber Shop, &c., connected with it.

Omnibuses always in Attendance.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 26, 1857. 2w39

STRAYED,

FROM the premises of the subscriber, on Yonge Street, near Holland Landing, about the 1st of June last, a small-sized three years old

RED AND WHITE HEIFER;

Supposed to have calved some time in July. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

BENJAMIN CODY.

Yonge Street, Aug. 25, 1857.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

No. 29, King Street East Toronto.

NEW GOODS!

A FURTHER supply of Gold and Silver Watches, fine Gold Jewelry, in great variety, Silver-Plated Epergnes, Tea Sets, Cake Baskets, Castors Candlesticks, Dish-Covers, Spoons, Forks, &c. Brittannia Metal Wares, Papie Machie and Cabinet Goods, Perfumery, Vases, Toilets,—With a large variety of fancy goods suitable for presents.

CUTLERY.

From the best markets in Table and Depot Knives, Pocket-knives, Razors, Scissors, Lancets, Butchers Knives; Guns, Pistols, Rifles, Flasks, Tea Trays, Combs, Brushes, &c., &c., &c.

Being in direct communication with the manufactures of our goods, and the stock having been personally selected by one of the firm just returned from Europe, we offer inducements to purchasers which will insure their continued support.

JOSEPH ROBINSON, & Co.
Proprietors.

August 28th, 1857. tf-17

For Sale,

IN the Village of Mount Albert, a *DWELLING HOUSE, COOPER-SHOP* and one-quarter of an Acre of Land. As the proprietor is making arrangements for leaving this part of the country, the entire premises, with stock in Trade, will be sold cheap and on liberal terms.

Apply to
JAMES WEIR.

Mount Albert, (Newland P. O.,) Aug. 24, 1857. tf-16

House and Lot for Sale!

FOR Sale Two Town Lots in the Village of Newmarket, containing Half an Acre and 3 perches of Land, and on which there is a Frame Dwelling House erected. The premises are beautifully situated on Church Street—at the South end of the Depot.

Apply to
JOHN KANE.

Newmarket, Aug. 25, 1857. tf-16

$40 REWARD!

STRAYED or Stolen from the premises of the subscriber, Lot No. 1 in the 3rd Con. of East (Old Survey,) on Friday night last, the 21st inst., a

Span of Horses,

One a chesnut horse, with silver mane and tail, and about 8 years old; the other a sorrel mare, with a small lump on the near hind leg, and about 9 years old. Any person giving such information as will lead to their recovery will receive the above reward.

JOHN BROWN.

King, Aug. 24, 1857 tf-15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mill Privilege and Saw Mill, FOR SALE!

For Sale, a Saw Mill and first-rate site for GRIST MILL,

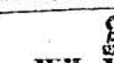
WITH 25 feet head and on a good stream. There are few better situations for a Grist Mill in Canada—the Mill at Aurora being the nearest on the South, with no mill to the East for many miles. The Saw Mill has 16½ feet head: and the Sawyer says it will cut from 1000 to 1200 logs per year.

This property is beautifully situated on Lot No. 15, in the 3rd Con. of Whitchurch, and will be sold at a bargain. The Mill Site property covers an area of about 12 Acres.

For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. Jackson Newmarket; Messrs. Ashton & Machell, Aurora; or the undersigned on the premises, (if by letter postpaid,) at the Aurora P. O.

JARED LLOYD.

Whitchurch, Aug. 26, 1857. tf-30



WM. WHARIN,

17, *Church Street—South of King Street*

TORONTO.

IMPORTER of English, French and American Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.,

Has now received a large addition to his Stock consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Guards, Albertes, and Fob Chains, Brooches, Lockets, Earrings, Studs, Scarf-Pins.

Signet, Fancy and Plain Rings,

Pencil Cases, Jet Goods, &c. Also, a variety of Fancy Goods, Electro-Plated Spoons and Forks, &c, of the best manufacture.

Spectacles to suit all Sights.

Goods purchased at this store warranted to give satisfaction.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner.

REMEMBER 17, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO.

August, 25, 1857. 3w30

E. GUNTHER,

HAS received a new assortment of splendid Gold and Silver Watches,

Assorted Jewelry, Fancy Goods and Cutlery. Every article sold will be strictly guaranteed to be what is is *represented* to be.

Watches Repaired in the Best Manner.

Observe, 2nd door West of Yonge Street on King Street.

Toronto, Aug. 24, 1857. tf-30

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting my wife, Helen Breckon, on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debt she may contract—she having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation.

JAMES BRECKON.

East Gwillimbury, Aug. 25, 1857. *3w30

Situation Wanted.

A PRACTICAL PRINTER is desirous of obtaining a situation in some country office. Address G. F., *New Era* Office, Newmarket.

Aug. 13, 1857.

New Saddlery and Harness Making ESTABLISHMENT Holland Landing!

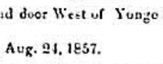
THE undersigned having determined on locating himself in this place, begs respectfully to announce that he is prepared to execute all orders in

Saddle or Harness Making,

With which he may be favored. All work warranted as to neatness and durability. Orders respectfully solicited. His Shop will be opened on and after Monday next, 24th inst., in the building lately occupied by Mr. Martin More, next door to Mr. Ayerst's Bakery.

STEPHEN MULLINS

Holland Landing, Aug 20, 1857. tf-23



CREDIT SALE.

TO be sold by by Public Auction, on Lot No. 33 in the 8th Con. of King,

On TUESDAY, Oct. 6th, 1857,

A choice and valuable lot of

Leicester Ewes and Rams,

Also, a number of

HORSES, CATTLE, AND FARM IMPLEMENTS,

The Property of Mr. GEO. L. PEARSON, Viz:

1 Span Dappled Grey Geldings, 6 years old, and got by Messenger Clyde,
1 Horse 4 years old, got by Young Highlander.
14 Leicester Ewes, 6 Ewe Lambs.
1 Ram Lamb, by Mr Stephenson's Imported Ram
2 Ram Lambs, by Mr Thompson's Imported do.
10 Ram Lambs, got by Mr. Walkington's Ram —ired by Mr. Miller of Markham.
2 Steers, 3 years old, good beef.
1 Heifer, do. do.
2 Steers 2 years old
2 Heifers 2 years old.
1 Milch Cow,
1 Reaping Machine.
Also, numerous other articles.

—TERMS—

Fourteen Months' Credit will be given, by the purchaser furnishing approved joint notes, except for the three beef cattle, which will be sold on two months' credit.

Sale to Commence at 1 o'clock p. m.

ASHTON & MACHELL,

King, Aug. 19, 1857. td-29 Auctioneers.

Prospects of Sharon!

TO hold a feast we are inclined,
With them that's weak and low of mind—
That to no station doth aspire,
Nor sect nor temblies do admire.

Sectarianism is a plan
That doth bewitch simple man;
Wealth and religion so are join'd—
It's hard with such the Lord to find.

In the mechanics plain we see.
There's art and science where they be;
But where religion seems to rise,
Clergy and sects doth blind our eyes.

What evil doth divisions make,
They are for man not heaven's sake;
Where one above another rise,
In where weak man doth man despise.

In Sharon we're together joined,
We're low of heart and poor in mind;
And this is where all may agree—
And this is where the Lord will be.

SHARON ILLUMINATION

Will take place on the *Evening of the 4th SEPTEMBER* at Seven o'clock, p. m., and worship after the Illumination: and the day following, the 5th,—worship at Eleven a. m.; Tea and crumb at *half-past one p. m.*

DAVID WILLSON.

Sharon, Aug. 18, 1857. td-29

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

SUNDAY SCHOOL

CELEBRATION!

THE annual Anniversary of the Holland Landing Parochial Sunday School, will be held *On SATURDAY, August 29th*, 1857

In a Spacious Tent, Erected for the purpose, adjoining the Village. The Holland Landing Brass Band have kindly volunteered their valuable assistance for the occasion.

A Procession

Will be formed at the Church at 2 o'clock p. m. and proceed through the Village to the Ground, where the Rev. S. F. RANDAY, and several others, are expected to address the meeting. Teachers and pupils from the Schools of surrounding Villages are respectfully invited to attend.

Refreshments will be Served at 2 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS of admission, 1s 3d each. Teachers and pupils from Visiting Schools admitted at half price. Tickets can be obtained at the Stores of Messrs. Laidlaw, McMaster, Lloyd, and Raper, and of the Committee of Management, on the Ground.

JOHN QUIGLEY, Superintendent.
ALX. DICKSON, Secretary.

Holland Landing, Aug 13, 1857. 2w28

Save Your Money.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, the Undersigned beg respectfully to acquaint the farmers generally that having given their

THRESHING MACHINE

A thorough *REPAIR*, making various Improvements—both in Threshing and Cleaning, they are now prepared to Thresh Wheat at the following prices:

$2½ per hundred.
$8 per day.

N. B.—Satisfaction given or no charge.

J. F. GORDON.
J. JOHNSON.

King, Aug. 19, 1857. 2w29.

Building Lots for Sale By Auction.

THE Undersigned have been instructed to sell by public Auction, on Tuesday, September 1st, 1857,

25 VILLAGE AND PARK LOTS,

Differing in size from one-quarter of an Acre to Three Acres, and being composed of part of Lot No. 61, in the 1st Con. of Whitchurch known as Playter's Estate, and within one-quarter of a mile of *AURORA STATION*. This land is all well timbered with hardwood, and beautifully situated. Also, will be sold at the same time and place, the timber now standing on the various road allowances through the premises.

TERMS—One Fourth cash or a joint note at 3 months; and the balance in 5 equal annual instalments. For the standing timber on road allowances, three months' credit.

Sale to take place on the ground, and commence at 10 o'clock a.m.

ASHTON & MACHELL,
Auctioneers.

Aurora, Aug. 20, 1857. tf-29

New Grocery Store, *IN GLENVILLE!!*

THE Undersigned respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Glenville and surrounding country, that he has opened a

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.

In the above place, where will be found a general assortment of

Teas, Groceries, Lobsters, Sardines Oysters, Temperance Drinks, &c,

Of the best quality, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

☞ *A call is respectfully solicited.* ☜

J. CULVERWELL.

Glenville, Aug. 25, 1857. tf-29

Shingles! Shingles!

THE undersigned has now on hand a large quantity of both hand and machine made Shingles, of superior quality, which he will dispose of on liberal terms.

WM. HILL.

Queensville, Aug. 18th, 1857. 3w28

Important to Farmers!

Come One, Come All!

THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of

HOLLAND LANDING,

And the Farming Community generally that he has leased the well known Store and premises lately occupied by *Mr. R. FIELDSEND*, (nearly opposite the *SIMCOE HOUSE*,) and will keep constantly on hand a large and well-selected Stock of Goods adapted for the Country Trade, consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, *Crockery, Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Wines, Liquors, &c.*

Having purchased on advantageous terms, he will sell at Prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. Intending purchasers will do well to call and examine Goods and Prices.

All Kinds of Country Produce Taken in Exchange.

J. M. RAPER.

Holland Landing, August 6th, 1857. *4w27

NEWMARKET
STOVE WAREHOUSE,

Opposite Mr. Botsford's Establishment.

G. MORTIMORE,

RESPECTFULLY announces that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the latest patterns and best designed

Cooking, Parlor, and Box Stoves.

Also, a selected assortment of Japanned Ware and Pressed Tinware.

Cistern Pumps and Lead Pipe

Tin Roofing, Eave-Troughs, Bells, Cisterns, Water Closets, Filterers, and all kinds of Shelf Tin, Copper, Zinc and Lead manufactured to order on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

☞ Jobbing of every description promptly attended to. ☜

Purchasers would do well to call at the above Establishment before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of Farm Produce taken in Trade. The first price given for all kinds of old metal.

Main Street, Newmarket, Aug. 6, 1857. tf-27

Information Wanted,

OF Isaac or James Underhill by his friends in the United States; or,

WILLIAM ROE.

Newmarket, July 3, 1856. *5w26

For Sale,

A GOOD BUGGY,

At Bogart's, Store.

Newmarket, Aug. 5th, 1857. tf-27

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the late ABRAHAM TURKEY, North Gwillimbury, are requested to present them for liquidation to the subscriber, on or before the 1st of October next. And all parties indebted are notified to settle the same on or before the above date, with

JOHN MAGUIRE,
Administrator.

August 5th, 1857. td-27

Newmarket Advertisements.

Gravel Road Meeting.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that a meeting of the Inhabitants of Brownsville, and all friendly to the construction of a Gravel Road from

NEWMARKET

TO THE TWO OAK TREES,

On the Town Line West between King and West Gwillimbury Townships, will be held at

Wm. Boddy's Inn, Brownsville,

On Tuesday, September 8th, 1857,

At the hour of one o'clock p. m., to ascertain the amount of Stock that will be taken up in that section of country towards building the said Road.

By Order of Committee.

E. JACKSON.

August 5th, 1857. td-27

DEPOT OF THE

BEVERLY STEAM MILLS,

Main St., Newmarket.

THE subscribers beg to inform the public that they are prepared to supply their customers with Extra

Superfine Flour,

Manufactured Expressly for Family use. They also keep constantly on hand,

Bran, Shorts, and Chopped Screenings,

For Pig feed. The whole will be found of the best quality and fresh from the Mill.

The Highest *CASH PRICE* paid for any quanty of good merchantable

SPRING AND FALL WHEAT

delivered at their *GRAIN ELEVATOR* at the Newmarket Railway Station.

WILCOCKS & THORNE.

Newmarket, July 16th, 1857.

SUCCESS TO AGRICULTURE!

J. G. Parker

FEELS great pleasure in informing the farmers, that he has been fortunate in securing a good supply of *really genuine*

Whiskey, for the coming Harvest,

Also a capital assortment of

SCYTHES, SNAITHS, RAKES, FORKS.

And the Celebrated Red-end Scythe Stones.

He has also just received

Blood's XX Porter, in Bottles,
Bass's Pale Ale in Bottles,
Hollands Gin in Bottles,
Salmon and Lobsters in Tins,
The Finest Golden Syrup,
Superior Pale Brandy,
Fine Old Port Wine,
Genuine Scotch Whiskey,
And Fine Old Jamaica Rum.

J. G. P. hopes all will call as soon as possible, as he will mark the above articles at a very low Price *for Cash.*

Any quantity of Butter and Eggs taken.

J. G. PARKER.

Opposite Railroad Hotel.

Newmarket, July 2, 1857. tf-22

JOHN BENTLEY,

HAVING LEASED THE STORE & PREMISES OF

Mr. CAWTHRA,

WILL keep constantly on hand a well-assorted Stock of

Dry Goods,	Drugs,
Teas,	Medicines,
Groceries,	School Books,
Liquors,	Stationery,
Wines,	Fancy Goods,
Crockery,	Paints,

Colours, Oils, Brushes, Nails, Glass, Putty, &c., &c., which he will sell for

CASH, FARM PRODUCE,

or on approved Credit, at the lowest remunerating prices.

JOHN BENTLEY.

Main St., Newmarket, June 24th, 1857. tf-21

Pure Liquors and Rich Wines.

THE attention of Medical Men, Invalids and Connoisseurs is requested to the stock of—

Hennessey's Brandy,
Rich Old Port,
Holland's Gin,
Fine Toddy Whiskey,
Dublin Porter, &c., &c.

For Sale by the Subscriber,

JOHN BENTLEY.

Main Street, Newmarket, June 24, 1857. tf-21

WANTED,

1,000 LBS. OF GOOD BUTTER.

1,000 Dozen Fresh Eggs,

FOR which the subscriber will give in exchange Tea, Coffee, Dry Goods, or any article contained in his Stock of good Quality, and at as reasonable prices as any ever offered in Canada.

JOHN BENTLEY.

Main St., Newmarket, June 24, 1857. tf-21

NEW GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!!

THE Subscriber, in addition to the Stock of Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware, &c., purchased from Mr. Cawthra, which he is selling at *greatly reduced prices*, is constantly receiving a

NEW STOCK,

purchased in the best markets, which he offers at a small advance.

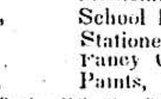
JOHN BENTLEY.

Main St., Newmarket, June 25, 1857. tf-21

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED  LETTERS

BY ROYAL PATENT

Prepared from a prescription of Sir James Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It moderates all excess, removes all obstructions, and brings on the monthly period with regularity. These Pills should be used two or three weeks previous to confinement; they fortify the constitution, and lessen the suffering during labor, enabling the mother to perform her duties with safety to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on Slight Exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites and all the painful diseases, occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any other mineral.

Full directions accompanying each package. Price, in the United States and Canada, One Dollar.

Sole Agents for the United States and Canada,

J. MOSES,
Rochester, N. Y.

NORTHROP & MOSES, Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for the Canadas.

N. B.—$1,00 enclosed to the General Agents, New Castle, C. W., insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail.

For sale by

JOHN BENTLEY, Newmarket
C. DOAN & Co., Sharon.
WM. MOORE, Brownsville.
H. B. ELLIS, Lloydtown.

Newmarket Advertisements.

TO BUILDERS!

PARTIES Wishing to Build, Move Turn or Raise Buildings, of any description, would do well to call on

Stephen Webster.

As he has all the tools necessary for the above purposes, which he will let on the following terms.

Jack Screws, each,	£0	2	6 per day
Rollers per set	0	5	0 "
Tackles,	0	10	0 "

Being only one-half the price usually charged in this place. The undersigned is also ready to contract for the erection, moving or raising of Buildings, of all descriptions.

STEPHEN WEBSTER.

Newmarket, July 17, 1857 tf-24

M. W. BOGART

HAS on hand and for Sale—

Fresh Ground Flour and Corn Meal,

Of the best Brand an Quality—Ground at Bogart's Mills—put up in bags of 50 lbs., and 100 lbs. each, also in barrels.

N. B.—Days for delivering—Tuesdays and Fridays.

Corner of Main and Timothy Streets, Newmarket.

June 25, 1857. tf-21

SUMMER GOODS

THE subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks to the numerous friends and customers who patronize his establishment, and would beg to call their attention to his present Stock of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c.,

As well his very superior stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

In that department will be found an assortment of Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Vestings, &c., cut and made up in the latest style and pattern.

D. SUTHERLAND,

May 27, 1857. *Water St., Newmarket.*

THE subscriber has on hand a superior article of *YOUNG HYSON TEA*, which in face of an advancing market, will sell at his usual low price.

D. SUTHERLAND.

Newmarket, May 27, 1857. tf-17

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURE!

60,000 *LBS. WOOL WANTED* at the Newmarket Factory, for which the highest market price will be paid in Cloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, Cashmeres, Flannels, Blankets, Ready-made Clothing, or *CASH*. In anticipation of the approaching Wool season great exertions are being made to manufacture a large stock of goods suitable for the exchange trade. Farmers will find that important improvements have been made in the styles and quality of the fabric, and they will have a larger, more varied and valuable assortment of home manufactured goods to select from than has ever before been offered in this market.

To those who prefer furnishing their own wool, and to have their goods manufactured by the yard, the subscriber would say, that notwithstanding the fearful rise of almost every article of produce, the prices for manufacturing by the yard,

Custom Carding & Cloth Dressing,

will continue to be done at the same moderate rates as last year.

A First-Rate Fashionable Tailor

will be employed at the Factory, and an assortment of English and French Superfine Cloths will be kept; and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor this establishment with their patronage.

CORDWOOD

And every description of Produce will be taken in Exchange for Goods or in payment for custom work. N. B.—No Credit for Custom Work.

WM. H. CLARK, Agent.

Newmarket, May 7, 1857. tf-14

WAR! WAR! WAR!

Upon Bad Work and High Prices!

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers that he has

REMOVED HIS SHOP

To the buildings recently occupied by Mr. Thomas Conron,

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,

Where he will be most happy to wait upon those who may feel disposed to entrust him with their orders.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. As the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending it to the public.

N. B.—Five per cent discount for Cash.

J. RHINEHART.

Newmarket, May 14, 1857. tf-15

CASH FOR WHEAT!

THE subscriber is now prepared to pay *CASH* for any quantity of merchantable Wheat, delivered at the Railroad Depots, in Newmarket or Aurora.

J. W. MARSDEN.

Newmarket, May 22, 1856. tf-33

Spring and Summer Goods.

NOW on hand and arriving, a choice assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Good, Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Trimmings, Parasols, Boots, & Shoes, China Tea Sets, Glassware, Crockery, Earthen and Stone Ware, Fresh Groceries and Good Cheese,—all of which will be sold at the usual moderate prices, by the subscriber.

E. HUGHES.

Newmarket, April 24, 1857. tf-12

Grocery and Provision Store!

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates, that his Store is now filled with everything required by the country trade, in the Grocery line; embracing—

Teas, Coffees,
Sugars, Currants,
Raisins, Rice,
Tobaccos, Cigars,
Herrings, dried & pickled,
Cod Fish, &c.

—ALSO—

WINES & LIQUORS!

Of the best quality, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction: together with

DRIED HAMS & BACON,

Pickles, Sauces, Molasses, Syrups, &c. The Stock is now complete, and the public are invited to call and make an inspection.

J. MORRIS.

Newmarket, July 16, 1857. tf-21

Whiskey! Whiskey! Whiskey!

DOMESTIC AND TODDY,

OF Excellent Quality, by the *Barrel, Gallon or Quart.* For Sale cheap by,

tf-21 JOHN BENTLEY.

WOOL, WOOL!

THE Subscriber will pay the Highest Cash Price for Wool at the Newmarket Station.

J. W. MARSDEN.

Newmarket, May 22, 1857. tf-17

NEW TEA AND COFFEE WAREHOUSE.

M. S. CORRYELL

Returns thanks to the Public for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him since he has commenced business; and from the great inducements he holds out, hopes to be favored with a continuence of the same.

M. S. C. has just received very Large Importations, and is daily receiving more, so that in a few days

His Stock will be found Complete,

And carefully selected, with his generaly acknowledged good taste. The following list will give a slight idea of his Stock:—

Teas	Cigars	Shoe Blacking
Coffees	Oysters	Brushes
Sugars	Salmon	Brooms
Rice	Lobsters	Pails
Raisins	Sardines	Wash Tubs
Currants	Stoughton Bitters	Butter Prints
Tobaccos	Catsup	Rolling Pins
Harvey Sauce	Meerchaum and	Essence Anchovie
Herrings, dried	Fancy Pipes, all kinds	Pickles
and Pickled	Hair Oil	Durham Mustard
Cod Fish, dried	Olive Oil	English Cheese
and Pickled	Castor Oil	Perfumery
Champagne	Lamp Oil	Brandy
Molasses	Ale and Porter	Holland Gin
Syrup	Port Wine	Old Tom
Baking Powder	Sherry Wine by the	Whiskey
Saleratus	Bottle or Draught	Common and Toddy
&c.	&c.	&c.

And in fact every description of Family Groceries, Crockery, China, Glass and Wooden Wares, Wines, Liquors, &c., &c., all of which he will sell at the lowest possible Cash prices.

M. S. C. will further call your attention to his Large and Splendid Assortment of Teas—in which he defies competition this side of New York. Call and examine for yourselves and you will be well paid for your trouble. Never go to Toronto to purchase by Wholesale or Retail if you wish to save your time and money before calling at

M. S. CORRYELL'S

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL.

Newmarket, Jan. 29th, 1857.

General Invitation to All!

WHO WANT

The Right Thing at the Right Price to visit the Right Place.

THOMAS BROWN & CO.,

GROCERS, DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c.,

No. 47, Yonge St., three Doors North of King St., Toronto.

OUR Assortment of GROCERIES is larger and more varied than ever, and we have no hesitation in saying that the Prices will compare favourably *with any other House in Canada.* Strict attention has been given in the selection of our TEAS, and we confidently recommend them as being of the right sort. Our COFFEE is the Rich and Full Flavored Article that gives Satisfaction to both Seller and Buyer. Our SUGARS are as Cheap as the Cheapest.

OUR STOCK OF WINES AND LIQUORS

Is very extensive and varied. Our Best is the Best, and our low-priced is Guaranteed Good and Wholesome.

Every other article in our line we have on hand and for Sale at Reasonable Terms

TO THOSE WHO USE TOBACCO,

LET THEM TRY OUR FAVORITE BRANDS.

"Jockey Club," "Wedding Cake," and "Morning Glory," in pound plugs; And "The Love Knot," and "Prairie Blossom," brands, six to the pound.

Remember the Address,—

THOMAS BROWN & Co.,

Grocers, Dealers in Wines, Liquors, &c.,

No. 47, YONGE STREET, Three Doors North of King St., TORONTO.

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Store, NEWMARKET,

OPPOSITE HEWITT'S HOTEL, MAIN-ST.

THE subscriber returns his warmest thanks to his friends and the public, for the very great encouragement he has met with since commencing business in this place, and solicits a continuance of their patronage. He can assure them that no endeavor on his part will be wanting to give complete satisfacti n. His Stock needs only inspection to satisfy the public of its superior quality, and from his own experience in the trade, employing

First-rate Workmen,

And purchasing his materials in the best markets, at the lowest prices and from the most extensive manufacturers, he fears neither comparison or competition either on low prices, superior quality, or newest fashionable patterns.

☞ Orders executed on the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner. ☜

T. H. KEOUGH.

Newmarket, April 2, 1857. tf-9

Mill Casting for Sale!

THE subscriber has on hand a quantity of first-rate

MILL CASTINGS,

Which he will dispose of *one third less* than the usual Price. Parties intending building a Mill for Flouring and Gristing purposes, would find it to their advantage to give him a call.

T. W. TYSON.

Lloydtown, Nov. 4, 1856. tf-10

Boots and Shoes.

THE undersigned in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since he has commenced business in Newmarket, begs to call attention to the extensive stock of

LADIES,
MISSES',
GENTS,
AND BOYS',

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

Of Home Manufacture, which he has now on hand, and ready for inspection; and as they have been made up by experienced workmen, he has great confidence in recommending them to the public. Boots and Shoes for ladies, very much reduced in prices.

W. CARLINE.

Newmarket, May 4, 1857. tf-12

CONFECTIONERY.

Mrs. A. M. Hall

RESPECTFULLY intimates to the public that she will continue to carry on the

CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS,

In all its branches. Wedding Cakes made to order on short notice. Parties supplied on reasonable terms. Ginger Beer and Lemonade always on hand.

Also, having employed an experienced Barber, is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIR DRESSING,

At all times, and in the most Fashionable Style.

Newmarket, July 7, 1857. tf-23

CASH FOR WOOL.

THE subscriber will pay Cash and the Highest Price for Wool delivered at the Newmarket Factory.

W. A. CLARK.

June 4th, 1857. tf-13

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

MAPS! MAPS!

JUST Received—an assortment of Maps, embracing—Maps of Europe, Canada—East and West, United States, Europe and Her Sovereigns, &c. For Sale cheap, at the

NEW ERA OFFICE.

Newmarket, Aug. 11, 1857. tf-29

WEAVING!

THE subscriber is prepared to do *CUSTOM WEAVING* for Farmers on short notice, such as Fulled Cloths, Flannels, Carpets, &c. Residence on Eagle Street, Newmarket.

JOHN LINTNER.

Newmarket, July 23, 1857. 3m25

Dwelling House to Let!

TO Let, a first-rate *BRICK DWELLING HOUSE*, near Bogart Town—containing six Rooms and a good cellar. Terms Easy. For particulars apply to.

J. S. WILKIN.

Bogart Town, June 10, 1857. tf-19

The Provincial Insurance Company.

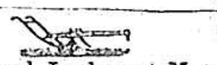
Subscribed Capital, £496,920. Paid up Capital, £43,859.

Head Office—Toronto Street, Toronto.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Company, at Newmarket, is now prepared to accept risks on the most favorable terms to insurers. This Company is well known, and considered one of the safest institutions in the Province. No just claim has ever been repudiated by them; and the subscriber has every confidence in recommending this institution to the public.

O. FORD, Agent,

Newmarket, June 5, 1857. tf-18



Agricultural Implement Manufactory and

IRON FOUNDRY,

BRADFORD, COUNTY OF SIMCOE.

THE Undersigned would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of the surrounding Country, that they are manufacturing for the ensuing season

100 REAPING MACHINES,

(Seymour & Morgan's Patent,) of the very best materials, which they will warrant to equal, if not surpass, any in the Province. Being this season enabled to have the castings made and fitted up under their own superintendence, they feel confident they will be able to build their Reapers in a superior manner,—and thus merit a continuance of that liberal patronage bestowed on them during the past season.

Price of Reapers, $112 cash; $115 part cash, remainder in six months.

They are also manufacturing *Ketchum's MOWING MACHINE*, at a reduced price.

Fanning Mills, Straw Cutters,

Horse Rakes and Improved Cultivators, kept constantly on hand.

T. GOODFELLOW & Co.

Bradford, April 15, 1857. tf-11

Desirable Property for Sale!

FOR SALE, those valuable premises occupied by the subscriber, in Bogart Town. The land consists of one-quarter of an Acre, on which there is erected

A PLANK DWELLING HOUSE,

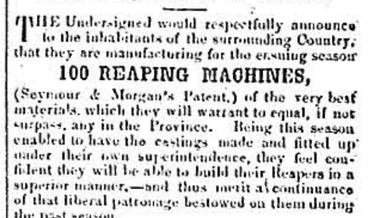
And Wheelright's Shop; also, Lumber Shed, Stables and other out-buildings. The place has every convenience suitable for a family residence, with well and cistern, and a cellar under the House. The locality is a good one for a mechanic, being surrounded by a rich farming community.

TERMS LIBERAL.

For particulars apply on the premises to

WM. WETHERELL.

Bogart Town, May 14, 1857. tf-15



CATHARTIC PILLS

OPERATE by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action. They remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, and, by restoring their irregular action to health, correct, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first causes of disease. An extensive trial of their virtues, by Professors, Physicians, and Patients, has shown cures of dangerous diseases almost beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Their certificates are published in my American Almanac, which the Agents below named are pleased to furnish free to all inquiring.

Annexed we give *Directions* for their use in the complaints which they have been found to cure.

FOR COSTIVENESS.—Take one or two pills, or such quantity as to gently move the bowels. Costiveness is frequently the aggravating cause of PILES, and the cure of the complaint is the cure of both. No person can fail well while under a costive habit of body. Hence it ought be, as it can be, promptly relieved.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, which is sometimes the cause of *flatulency*, and always uncomfortable, take mild doses from one to four—to stimulate the stomach and liver into healthy action. They will do it, and the *heartburn, headpain*, and *sourness* of dyspepsia will rapidly disappear. When it is gone, don't forget what cured you.

FOR A FOUL STOMACH, or *Morbid Inaction of the Bowels*, which produces general depression of the spirits and bad health, take from four to eight Pills at first, and smaller doses afterwards, until activity and strength are restored to the system.

FOR NERVOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, NAUSEA, *Pain in the Stomach, Back, or Side*, take from four to eight pills on going to bed. If they do not operate sufficiently, take more the next day until they do. These complaints will be swept out from the system. Don't wear these and their kindred disorders because your stomach is foul.

FOR SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, *and all diseases of the Skin*, take the Pills freely and frequently, to keep the bowels open. The eruptions will generally soon begin to diminish and disappear. Many dreadful ulcers and sores have been healed up by the purging and purifying effect of these Pills, and some disgusting diseases, which seemed to saturate the whole system, have completely yielded to their influence, leaving the sufferer in perfect health. Patients! your duty to society forbids that you should parade yourself around the world covered with pimples, blotches, ulcers, sores, and all or any of the unclean diseases of the skin, because your system wants cleansing.

TO PURIFY THE BLOOD, they are the best medicine ever discovered. They should be taken freely and frequently, and the impurities which sow the seeds of incurable disease will be swept out of the system like chaff before the wind. By this property they do as much good in preventing sickness as by the remarkable cures which they are making every where.

LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, *and all Bilious Affections* arise from some derangement—either torpidity, congestion, or obstructions of the Liver. Torpidity and congestion vitiate the bile, and render it unfit for digestion. This is disastrous to the health, and the constitution is frequently undermined by no other cause. Indigestion is the symptom. Obstruction of the duct which empties the bile into the stomach causes the bile to overflow into the blood. This produces Jaundice, with a long and dangerous train of evils. Costiveness, or, alternately, costiveness and diarrhœa, prevails. Fever-ish symptoms, languor, low spirits, weariness, restlessness, and melancholy, with sometimes inability to sleep, and sometimes great drowsiness; sometimes there is severe pain in the side; the skin and the white of the eyes become a greenish yellow; the stomach acid; the bowels sore to the touch; the whole system irritable, with a tendency to fever, which may turn to bilious fever, bilious colic, bilious diarrhœa, dysentery, &c. A medium dose of three or four pills taken at night, followed by two or three in the morning, and repeated a few days, will remove the cause of all these troubles. It is wicked to suffer such pains when you can cure them for 25 cents.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, *and all Inflammatory Fevers* are rapidly cured by the purifying effects of these Pills upon the blood and the stimulus which they afford to the vital principle of Life. For these and all kindred complaints they should be taken in mild doses, to move the bowels gently, but freely.

AS A DINNER PILL, this is both agreeable and useful. No pill can be made more pleasant to take, and certainly none has been made more effectual to the purpose for which a dinner pill is employed.

PREPARED BY

J. C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.,

AND SOLD BY

M. W. BOGART,
Agent, Newmarket.

Newmarket Mills.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand—*Flour, Bran, Shorts and Chop Stuff*, which from and after this date he will sell for CASH ONLY.

DONALD SUTHERLAND.

Newmarket, June 24, 1857. tf-21

New Boot and Shoe Store!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the inhabitants of this place and vicinity, that he has opened a new Boot and Shoe Shop opposite the Telegraph Office,

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,

Where will be found a general assortment of Boots and Shoes adapted to the season, and at prices 10 per cent below the usual cost for cash. Particular attention paid to making

MEN'S SEWED BOOTS.

As the work is made by himself personally, he can warrant it to be of the best quality.

N.B.—Observe the sign of the "Big Boot" opposite the Telegraph Office.

B. LEE.

Newmarket, May 14, 1857. tf-15

Keep Pace with the Times!

J. G. PARKER'S

GENERAL STORE,

Opposite the Railroad Hotel.

THE above store contains a first-class assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries. Crockery. Liquors. &c.

Of this Spring's Importation, including Straw Bonnets and Hats, Silk & other Mantillas, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

Nails, Glass, Putty, Oils, Paints, &c.

J. G. P. deems it quite unnecessary to describe every article in stock, he having lived in the establishment of Jos. Cawthra, Esq., upwards of 2 years thoroughly understands the class of Goods likely to be approved of, and feels much pleasure in stating that he has secured

A GOOD SELECTION

of the same, to inspect which, he invites all as early as possible, as he will sell at the very lowest prices.

J. G. P. would also solicit the attention of the public to the stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

MANUFACTURED

By J. Townley,

Who continues his Tailoring business on the premises as usual. All orders received in the store by him.

N. B.—J. Townley will cut out or make up Parties' own material.

Farmers' Produce taken.

J. G. PARKER.

OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD HOTEL.

Newmarket, May 14, 1857. tf-15

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Newmarket Post Office Aug. 1st, 1857.

Adamson Alfred	Molowney Joseph
Anderson Jacob	Moore R.
Brown John	Munns James
Brown Rev. G.	McDonald Robert
Curran Bennard	McAvoy James
Earl George D.	Quigley James
Eaves Moses	Ranker A. W.
H. F. G.	Robinson Andrew
Henry Bennard	Summerfield, Mr.
Marloy Esq., Wm.	Sandin John
Montjoy J. R.	Seeley Miss Mary
Wiggins	Thomas
	W. ROE, *Postmaster*

Amusement.

CHEAP DENTISTRY.—A down east editor advises readers, if they wish to get teeth inserted gratis, to go and steal fruit where his watch-dog is on guard.

☞ 'Boy,' said an ill-tempered old fellow, to a noisy lad, 'what are you *hollerin'* for when I am going by?'

'Humph,' returned the boy, 'what are you going by for when I am *hollerin'*?'

☞ A poor Irishman, who applied for a license to sell ardent spirits, being questioned as to his moral fitness for the trust, replied, "Ah! sure it is not much character that a man needs to sell rum!"

☞ A character in Mrs. Hentz's story of "Love after Marriage" lays down the law thus—"If a man is not ugly enough to *frighten his horse*, he is handsome enough to marry.

THE WAY TO TREAT BORES.—There are two kinds of bores in this world—the rich and the poor. You can get rid of the latter by lending him five dollars. You can free yourself of the other by attempting to borrow twenty-five dollars from him.

☞ A HAPPY "STATE."—A lady, formerly a resident of Georgia, very much discontened with Mississippi life, and longing to return to her native land, was shouting at a camp-meeting last year, and became so excessively happy that she exclaimed, "Glory to God, I feel like I was in Georgey!"

A PRICELESS HAT.—"Say Sam, you nigger, whar you get dat new hat?" "Why, at de shop, ob course." "What is de price ob such an article as dat?" "I don't know nigger—I don't know, *de shop keeper wasn't dar*. Yah! yah!"

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—At an early hour this morning, the steamer "Splendid" lying at the Cunard dock, Jersey city, took fire and burnt to the water's edge. The flames communicated to the steamer "Moses Taylor," a new boat, which was also destroyed. The latter was owned by the Deleware & Lackarina Railroad Company, and insured for $13,000. The "Splendid" was owned by J. F. Scott & Sons, and was insured for $10,000. The Cunard steamship "Canada," was in imminent danger once, but fortunately the wind shifted. It is feared that Mr. Scott's son perished in the flames.

☞ We regret to learn, says the Montreal *Pilot* of Friday last, that some of the light fingered gentry were at work last evening at the Conversazione given by the Natural History Society, in the City Concert Hall. Professor Sillinan was relieved of about one hundred dollars while promenading the hall.

Aurora Advertisements.

NOTICE!

THE undersigned having been Appointed Assignees to the Estate, Goods and Chattles of Mr. Thos. Atkinson of Aurora, Notice is hereby given that all claims must be presented on or before the 4th day of November next, otherwise they will be excluded from participating in the dividends. And all parties indebted to the Estate are requested to settle their respective accounts on or before the 21st of August next, otherwise they will be placed in Court for collection.

SAMUEL MACHELL, } Assignees.
SETH ASHTON, }

Aurora, July 28, 1857.

FRESH ARRIVAL!
Of Family Groceries Direct from New York.

FINE flavored Teas warranted free from Poison a sample of each kind having drawn and tasted by C. Doan.

GROCERIES,

Sugarhouse Syrup, Java Coffee, Rice, &c., &c., &c.

AMERICAN HARDWARE,

Oils, Paints, and Turpentine, Glass, Crockeryware, Ladies and Misses Boots and Shoes, Mens' Hats and Caps, enamled Cloth for Carriages.

CHAS. DOAN & Co., SHARON.
CHAS. DOAN, AURORA.

Also, for Sale!

NORTH-EAST part of Lot No. 8, Second Concession of East Gwillimbury, 35 Acres of excellent Land. Apply to Mr. Jesse Doan, Sharon, or to the Owner, at Aurora.

CHARLES DOAN.

Aurora, June, 29, 1857. 3m20

To Millers, Mechanics and Others!

GREAT BARGAIN.

FOR SALE, in the Village of *AURORA*, one and a Half Acres of Land—12¼ Rods fronting on Yonge Street and 16 Rods deep. There is a never failing Creek running through the Lot.

For Terms and particulars, apply to

Wm. MORTSON,
At the Newmarket Grange Brewery.

July 3rd, 1856. tf-22

BRICKS FOR SALE!

THE Subscriber having established a Brick Yard in the Village of Aurora, has on hand for Sale,

200,000 *OF GOOD BRICK!*

W. MOSLEY,
Land agent, Conveyancer, &c.

Aurora, Aug. 18th, 1856. tf-29

FURNITURE!!
AURORA CABINET WARE ROOMS.

THE undersigned Respectfully intimate to the inhabitants of *AURORA* and surrounding country, that they have recently opened a

FURNITURE WARE ROOM

in this place, where will be found a general assortment of Household *FURNITURE*, made of the best materials and by experienced workmen, such as Sofas, Bureaus, Side-Boards, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Cupboards, &c., &c.

☞ *All Orders Punctually Attended to.* ☜

FURNEALS furnished on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

SHOP NEAR AURORA STATION.

BOYD & CONOLLY.

Aurora, Nov. 5th, 1856, tf-40

REMOVAL TO HIS NEW PREMISES.
ALFRED BERRY,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE,

AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

I now, once more, attention call—
That is—my friends, to thank you all
For favors past—and still shall prize,
The work most pleasing to the eyes.
To my new premises, removed—
Where I await, thus—to be proved,
Receiving orders—and with skill—
I shall my promised work fulfill.
Trusting the public will thus see—
And not forget to call on me;
Carriage painting, house and sign,
Paper hanging, superfine:
Gilding, glazing, marbling too—
Most anything that hands can do;
And I have all le workmen hired,
To execute all jobs required.
And all I ask, is to be tried—
When quick dispatch will be my pride,
What I turn out I make complete,
And bid defiance to defeat!!!

Aurora, April 30, 1857. tf-13

Toronto Advertisements.

BERRYFIELD HOUSE,
No. 29, King Street East Toronto.

JOSEPH ROBINSON & CO.

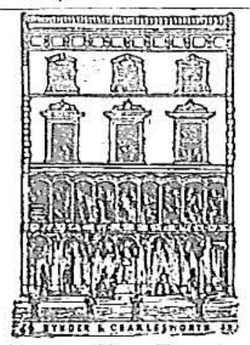
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of Newmarket and the vicinity, that they have received an assortment of New Goods in

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Jewelry, Electro Silver Plate and Britannia Metal Wares, Papier Machie and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Shooting and Fishing Tackle, Block Tin Goods, Tea Trays and Toilet Sets, &c., &c. With a variety of other articles too numerous to particularise.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Cleaned and Repaired.

Toronto, May 27, 1857. tf-17



King St. East, Toronto.

Spring Importations!!

DRY Goods and Milliner, Clothing and Gentlemen's outfitting Emporium.

Silks,	Ribbons,	Broad Cloths,
Satins	Lace Goods,	Tweeds,
Satinetts,	Gloves,	Fancy Tweeds,
Poplins,	Parasols,	Doeskins,
Moire Antigue,	Shawls,	Fancy do.,
Robe Dresses,	Mantillas,	Sattaras,
Flounced do.,	Head Dresses,	Venetian Cloths,
Muslin do.,	Bonnets,	Drab Kesseys,
Barege, do.,	Straw Goods,	Bath Cords
Challis, do.,	Hosiery,	Shepherd Plaid,
&c.,	&c.,	&c., &c.

Toronto, April 8, 1857 r5n35

The Markham
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
IN TORONTO,

NO. 129, King Street East.—East of the Market.

tf-19 C. F. HALL, Proprietor.

Simpson & Dunspaugh,

No. 35, King-st. East, Toronto,

IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Patent Dryer, Zinc Paints, Artists' Materials, Essences,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Fancy Goods, Perfumery, &c. Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.

Toronto, March 12, 1857. 1y6

DR. E. C. EDMONDS,
SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 66, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

WOULD inform his friends and the public, that from MAY, 1857, his appointments will be as follows:

The 1st Monday in each month, Dr. E. C. E. will be at McLEOD'S Hotel, *Aurora.*

J. HEWITT'S, Newmarket, Tuesday following.

MANSION HOUSE, Sharon, on Wednesday.

P. J. WILLSON'S Bradford, on Thursday.

T. BOYD'S Bond-Head, on Friday of the same week.

The 2nd MONDAY in MAY, July, September, November and December,

DR. E. C. EDMONDS

Will be at R. PARKER'S Store, Clarksville,

H. STONE'S, Penville, Tuesday following.

WM. MOOR'S Brownsville, on Wednesday.

MRS. STEAD'S Hotel, Lloydtown, on Thursday of the same week, in the above mentioned months—when he will be prepared to *Clean, Fill, or Remove* TEETH as may be required; and also put new ones in upon

PIVOT, SILVER OR GOLD PLATE.

All operations performed in the most approved style, and WARRANTED.

Consultations Free.

Toronto, April 24, 1857 tf-12

Summer Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, FIRST DAY of June, the Steamer ZIMMERMAN, Captain D. Milloy, and the Steamer EUROPA, Capt. Jno. Murdoch, will form a Tri-daily line (Sundays excepted) from Toronto to Niagara and Lewiston as follows:

Leaves Upton and Brown's Wharf at 7 a. m., 12 noon and 4:30 p. m.; returning, arrive at 11 a.m., 3 p. m., and 8 p. m.

Connecting with Trains on the Erie & Ontario R. R. for N. Falls, S. Bridge and Chippéwa, at Lewiston and Suspension Bridge with Trains on New York Central R. R. for Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, New York and Boston.

Office—Corner of Front and Scott Streets, adjoining Clarendon Hotel, where through Tickets can be procured and all possible information given.

R. ARNOLD, Agent.

☞ Tickets may be purchased, and other information given at the office of the undersigned, Newmarket.

O. FORD, AGENT.

May 28, 1857. 4m17

W. C. ADAMS.
Doctor of Dental Surgery,

HAS commenced practice at his Rooms, No. 66, King Street East: where he may be consulted in all cases relative to his profession.

☞ Particular attention given to the regulation of children's Teeth,

CONSULTATIONS FREE.

☞ All work Warranted. ☜

Toronto, June 5th, 1856. tf-18

Dr. Chantler's Fluid Wig.

THAT Valuable preparation for the *HAIR* can be had, *WHOLESALE AND RETAIL*, at the store of

E. HUGHES.

Prospect-st, Newmarket, 1857. tf-8

Hats that are Hats!

S. P. COLEMAN,
The London Practical
Hatter & Furrier,
10 *KING ST. WEST TORONTO,*
☞ Opposite the Globe Office. ☜

Hats Cleaned and Pressed. Furs Cleaned and Altered.

CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.

Toronto, April 9, 1857. 1y10

Toronto Advertisements.

TEA WAREHOUSE,
TORONTO.
W. N. FAIRBANKS, & Co.,
Wellington Street.

Toronto, Aug. 6th, 1857. 4w27

SHAW'S
"Ramblings in California,"

PUBLISHED this day, is a Lively and Interesting Picture of Life at the Diggings.

EVERY ONE SHOULD READ IT.

To be had of all booksellers, or at the publishers's

JAMES BAIN,
37, KING STREET EAST,

Toronto, May 14, 1857. tf-15

1857.) O. S. & H. R. R. (1857.

UNTIL further notice, trains will run as follows:

TORONTO.

Train Leaves 7. 15. A. M. | Train Due 10. 15. A.M.
" " " 4. 00. P. M. | " " " 8. 45. P. M.

COLLINGWOOD.

Train Leaves 6. 00. P.M. | Train Due 12. 10. P.M.
" " " 4. 00. P.M. | " " " 8. 25. P. M.

LAKE SIMCOE.

Steamer "J. C. Morrison."

Will leave Bell Ewart daily at 10 A. M., on arrival of Trains, and on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, run up the West side of the lake, and return on the East side. On Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, up East and down West side.

Excursion Tickets good for two days from Toronto, around Lake Simcoe, $3 00.

J. LEWIS GRANT,
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office, Bay St., Toronto, July 11, 1857.

Steamer Canadian, Captain Smith, advertises from Collingwood to Meaford, Cape Rich, and Owen Sound daily, at 1 30 P. M. tf-4

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Dwelling House for Sale.

FOR SALE, in the flourishing and rapidly increasing Town of Newmarket, a Rough Cast DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT.

The Building is nearly new and contains a large Cellar Kitchen and Dairy, and Vegetable Cellar; on the first floor a Parlor, Dining, Sitting and Bed-Rooms; and on the second floor three Bedrooms. There is also an excellent soft water cistern on the premises. The Lot containing 55 feet frontage on Main Street, by 165 feet deep. The Building at present rents for £27 per annum.

☞ *Title Indisputable.*

Possession given within one month from day of Sale

Apply to

GEO. B. HUTCHCROFT.

Newmarket, June 5, 1857. tf-18

New Goods. Cheap Goods.
SHARON CHEAP STORE!

J. W. EDMAND

BEGS respectfully to intimate to his customers and the public generally, that his stock of

Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries. Liquors.
Hardware, Glass, Putty.

Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, &c., is now complete, and he is prepared to sell at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

FIVE PER CENT DISCOUNT,

Allowed on all cash purchases exceeding one dollar.

Sharon, June 25, 1857. tf-21

DR. S. N. PECK,
SURGEON DENTIST,

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him during the past eight years, respectfully intimates he will be at the following places, as usual:

NEWMARKET—The 1st, 2nd and 3rd of each and every month.

BRADFORD—On the 4th of every month.

BOND HEAD—On the 6th and 7th of May, July September, November, January and March, next ensuing; and—

BROWNSVILLE—On the 8th and 9th of the same months above mentioned.

AURORA—The last day of each month except it comes on Sunday.

When he will be happy to wait upon those requiring his services in any of the Branches of his Profession.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted on Gold Plate or Pivot, Teeth cleansed from impurities, or any other branch of Dental Surgery skillfully performed and warranted. Also, particular attention paid to the regulation of

CHILDREN'S TEETH.

Dr. S. N. P. would call especial attention to the fact, that where work has been warranted, and for which he still holds himself responsible, during the past eight years, and another Dentist is employed to operate in the same mouth, the guarantee in all cases, so far as he is concerned, will cease.

In addition he would state that any person particularly desiring his services, at any time, by leaving a written request at his residence, Mr. Forsyth's Hotel, will be attended to.

For operations over One Pound credit will be given if required.

Newmarket, 1856 tf-v1n1

Wagon, Carriage and Sleigh Shop, Sharon.

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs respectfully to acquaint the public that he is now carrying on the business of

WAGON, CARRIAGE & SLEIGH MAKING

In all its branches, and in the latest styles. He has also on hand a number of Cutters, made from American Wood, and got up in the most approved styles.

Painting done for Customers on short notice.

PETER ROWEN.

Sharon, Dec. 8, 1856. tf-16

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!
at the
KETTLEBY CHEAP STORE!!

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, the subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of

KETTLEBY

And surrounding neighborhood, that he is now receiving a choice and well-selected Stock of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Together with every other description of goods usually kept in a country store, to which, he would invite an inspection. These goods have been imported the present season, and embrace the

LATEST STYLE AND FASHIONS.

Farm Produce, such as Eggs, Butter, &c., &c., taken in exchange for goods.

SILAS SNIDER.

Kettleby, April 16, 1857. tf-11

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS,

Of all description, on hand for sale. Apply at the *NEW ERA OFFICE.*

Newmarket June 9, 1856

United States Advertisement.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

The Most Valuable Spring and Summer Medicine in the World.

Dr. Halsey's
Forest Wine!

Patronized by the Nobility and Medical Faculty of England, and esteemed the most Extraordinary Medicine in the World.

MEDICINCES containing molasses or liquorice, like the boasted Sarsaparillas, require many large bottles to procure the slightest change in health. The *Forest Wine* is altogether a different article. It contains no syrups to give it consistency, but acquires its excellent flavor, and powerful medicinal properties from the vegetable plants of which it is composed. The *Forest Wine* combines the virtues of the

Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Yellow Dock, and Sarsaparilla!

with other valuable plants whose properties are still more effective.

Its high concentration renders it one of the most efficient medicines now in use. Sometimes less than a single bottle restores the lingering patient from weakness, debility, and sickness, to strong and vigorous health. Every dose shows its good effects on the constitution, and improves the state of the health. The *Forest Wine* is recommended, in the strongest terms, for all complaints of the

☞ *Stomach, Liver, Kidnies, Nervous, Disorders, Bilous Affections, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Female Complaints, Scrofula, and all Disorders arising from BAD BLOOD and Impure Habits of the System.*

SAVED FROM DEATH!!!

Testimony of *Mr. Nathan Mathews*, a highly respectable and wealthy citizen of Newark N. J.

DR. G. W. HALSEY:—I believe your Forest Wine and pills have been the means of saving my life. When I commenced taking them I, laid at the point of death, with Dropsy, Piles and Asthma. My physicians had given me over as past cure, and my family had lost all hopes of my recovery. While in this dreadful situation, your Forest Wine and Pills were procured for me, and before I had finished the first bottle of Wine and Box of Pills, I experienced great relief; my body and limbs, which were greatly swollen, became sensibly reduced. Hopes of my recovery began now to revive, and after continuing the use of your medicines for about a month, the Piles and Asthma were completely cured. The Dropsy, with which my life was placed in such great danger, was placed in such great danger was also nearly gone. I have continued the use of your medicines until the present time, and I now enjoy as perfect health as ever I did in my life, although I am more than sixty years of age.

Yours, respectfully,
N. MATHEWS.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 19, 1817.

NERVOUS DISORDERS

Are diseases of the mind as well of the body are usually brought on by troubles and affliction, and are most common to persons of delicate constitutions and sensitive minds. Low spirits, melancholy, frightful dreams, and fearful anticipations of evil from the slightest causes, generally accompany nervous disorders. The Forest Wine and Pills are an energetic remedy in these complaints.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Joseph C. Paulding, dated

Philadelphia, September 7th, 1818.

DR. G. W. HALSEY:

Dear Sir, your Forest Wine and Pills have [illegible] with which she had been affected for many years. Her body was almost wasted away. She was frequently disturbed in her sleep by frightful dreams, awakening quite exhausted and covered with perspiration, and at times laboring under the delusion that something dreadful was about to happen to her. By the use of four bottles of the wine, and a box of Pills, she is now in perfect health. She has regained her flesh and color, and enjoys society as well as ever.

J. C. PAULDING.

DR. DAVID MARVIN, a celebrated practitioner of New York, declared publicly, that one bottle of Halsey's Forest Wine contained more virtues than fifty of the large bottles of Sarsaparilla. Messrs. S. S. LAMPMAN & Co., one of the largest and most respectable Druggists in Syracuse, in a letter, say: "From what they have heard and seen of Halsey's Forest Wine, it is an excellent and good medicine, and will undoubtedly become the leading medicine of the day."

The Forest Wine is put up in large square bottles, with Dr. Halsey's name blown in the glass; $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.—Gum-coated Pills, 25 Cents per box. Agents are authorized to retail as well as wholesale to on as favorable conditions as the proprietor, No. 61 Walker St. New York.

M. W. BOGART,
Agent, Newmarket.

April 30, 1857. v5n33

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

FOR the last three years, I have been engaged in a business known only to myself, and, comparatively, few others, whom I have instructed for the sum of $200 each, which has averaged me at the rate of $2,000 to $3,000 per annum; and having made arrangements to go to Europe in the Spring of 1858 to engage in the same business, I am willing to give full instructions in the art to any person in the United States or Canadas, who will remit me the sum of $1. I am induced, from the success I have been favored with, and the many thankful acknowledgments I have received from those whom I have instructed, and who are making from $5 to $15 PER DAY at it, to give any person an opportunity to engage in this business, which is easy, pleasant and profitable, at a small cost. There is positively No. HUMBUG in the matter. References of the best class can be given as regards its character and I can refer to persons whom I have instructed, who will testify that they are making from $5 to $15 per day at the same. It is a business in which either ladies or gentlemen can engage and with perfect ease make a very handsome income. Several *ladies* in various parts of New York State, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, whom I have instructed, are now making from $3 to $6 per day at it. It is a GENTEEL BUSINESS, and but a few shillings is required to start it. Upon receipt of $1, I will immediately send to the applicant a printed circular containing full instructions in the art which can be perfectly understood at once.

All letters must be addressed (post paid) to ALLEN T. PARSONS, 335 Broadway, New York. 3m21

BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS.

A LOT Blank Account Books, such as Ledgers, Day-Books, &c., ruled for Double and Single entry, for sale cheap. Apply at the

NEW ERA OFFICE

Newmarket, November 29th, 1855.

Daily Line of Stages!

On and After Monday next, the 25th inst.,

A LINE of Stages will commence running daily, (Sundays excepted) between Mr. H. Moore's Inn, North Gwillimbury, and Newmarket. Stages arrive in time for passengers to take the morning Trains north and south; and return on the arrival of the Cars from Toronto.

EPHRAIM TRAVISS,
Proprietor.

May 19, 1857. tf-

United States Advertisements.

Buffalo Medical Dispensary,

ESTABLISHED FOR THE CURE OF

Dyspepsia, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Old Ulcers, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Great Impurity of Blood, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Fistula, Piles Liver Complaint, Kidneys, Debility, &c.; Canker, sore Mouth, Asthma, Incipient, Consumption, Ulcerated sore Throat, Syphilis, Seminal Weakness and the Infirmities of Youth and Maturity,

By Dr. Amos & Son,

Corner of Main and Quay Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

JUST PUBLISHED, GRATIS,

THE MEDICAL ADVISER

ON Nervous Debility, and the various forms of Premature Decay, both mental and physical, arising from youthful excesses, infection, the effects of climate, &c.; remarks on the use of the Microscope, and the questionable treatment advocated by certain writers; followed by practical observation on Marriage, plain directions for the prevention and removal of certain disqualifications, rules for self-treatment, &c.

A MOST SCIENTIFIC INVENTION.

An instrument for the cure of general Debility, or more properly known as Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Low Spirits, Lassitude Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Dimness of Vision, &c., &c., incapacitating its victim for business, or matrimony, rendering him misanthropical and suicidal in his propensities, is instantly arrested, and permanently cured in from fifteen to twenty days by the use of this Instrument, when used conjointly with medicines.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

DR. AMOS & SON, in order to satisfy the most skeptical as to the merits of this Instrument, pledge themselves that in any instance where they may prove unsatisfactory after a fair trial, the money will be refunded by returning the Instrument in good order.

Persons wishing the above useful Instrument will observe that the price, with the accompanying directions, securely packed and sent by express, is ten dollars.

NEW REMEDIES & QUICK CURES.

DR. AMOS & SON are the only Physicians in the State who are members of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduates of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States. May be consulted from eight o'clock in the morning until nine at night in every stage and symptom of the Venereal Disease. The treatment they adopt is the result of upwards of thirty years' extensive and successful practice in London. The most inveterate cases of Venereal Diseases eradicated in eight or nine days, and cases of a slight nature in two or three days, at a moderate expense. The cure effected without confinement or hindrance from business; also, nodes, and pains in the bones and limbs effectually eradicated.

PERSONS IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD may be successfully treated by forwarding a correct detail of their case, with a remittance for Medicines, which will be returned with the utmost despatch, and secure from observation

Letters for advice must contain a fee of $1.

☞ Patients wishing for Medicines will be charged according to the nature of their Complaint. Address

DR. AMOS & SON.

Office, corner Main & Quay sts., Buffalo, N. Y.

Newmarket Advertisements.

Good News! Good News!
Poor CHARLEY is Reviving!

THE subscriber begs respectfully to return his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of

Newmarket

And surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since he commenced business in the

GROCERY & PROVISION TRADE,

In this place, and to announce that he has just received a fresh and well selected Stock of Groceries, such as—

Gunpowder, Hyson & Black Teas,

Coffees—Ground, Roasted, Green; Sugars, Candles, Soap, Barley, Rice, Oatmeal, Crackers, Nuts, Bottled Pickles, Peppersauce, Baking Soda and Powders.

FIGS RAISINS AND CURRANTS.

Together with every description of Spices. Also, the very best quality of Common & Toddy *WHISKEY*, and other Spirituous Liquors. Always on hand a variety of

STONE WARE,

Such as Butter Pots, Preserve Jars, Cream Pots, Jugs, Spittoons, &c. Also, a Lot of

Ready-Made Clothing,

And Plain Goods, which articles he will sell at *FIRST COST* for Cash or Produce, as he intends going out of the Dry Goods and Clothing Trade, in order to make room for a more extensive Stock of *Provisions, &c.*

WANTED, 100,000 Sheepskins,
10,000 Calfskins & Hides—also,
100,000 Lbs of Paper Rags,

For Which the Highest Market Price will be paid, delivered at his Grocery,

Opposite the Rail Road Hotel.

CHAS. J. BURNIE.

Newmarket, Nov. 20, 1856. tf-42

New Tailoring Establishment.

THE subscriber having been engaged two years in Newmarket with Mr. Smith and Mr. Bogart as their principal in the Tailoring Department and in returning thanks for the patronage received during that time, begs to inform the public that he is now carrying on the

Tailoring Business

In all its branches in connection with his Hotel

Orders for cutting or making Garments promptly attended to and warranted to fit. Persons desiring it can have the cloth furnished, if any quality or pattern manufactured, on reasonable terms.

All work executed at the lowest remunerating prices.

MORRITZ ZELLER.

Newmarket, Dec. 18, 1856. tf-16

The Right Kind of Medicine.

DR. JAMES M'INTOSH'S

Vegetable Tonic Mixture and
DIGESTIVE BITTERS,

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn and Headache, Restlessness and Anxiety, Languor and Melancholy, General or Special Debility, —The Infirmities of Youth or old age—Pimples and all diseases arising from poverty or impurity of the Blood. *"The best Female Medicine ever Compounded."* A Sure Cure for Fever and Ague, and Dumb Ague.

Price 50 cents per bottle

JAS. McINTOSH, M. D.,
Chicago, Ill.

For sale at the Drug Store of

JOHN BENTLEY & CO.,
Newmarket.

tf-11

Straw Goods.

A FINE Assortment of Ladies' Bonnets, Misses Bloomers, Gentleman's and Boys' Hats of the latest style, all of this Spring's Importation.

For Sale by

D. SUTHERLAND,
WATER STREET.

Newmarket, April 24, 1857. tf-12

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

SAVE YOUR HOUSE ASHES

THE subscriber is prepared to pay the highest price for

4,000 BUSHELS OF HOUSE ASHES

Delivered at his Ashery, on Lot No. 11, in the 4th Con. of East Gwillimbury—payable in goods when delivered.

ORLIN WILLIAMS.

East Gwillimbury, Feb. 21, 1857. tf-4

DR. POWELL'S
Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in the Advanced Stages of the Disease.

THIS Remedy is composed entirely of Botanic preparations, preserved in purity, and is therefore entirely free from any injurious ingredient. It may be given, in doses according to the Directions, to the most delicate persons, and to children or infants, for whom it will be found excellent.

It is well adapted to the cure of all Coughs in their early stages, and a few doses taken in time will often save a vast amount of suffering, and a vast number of useful lives, which would otherwise be sacrificed. It is remarkably efficacious in the relief and cure of old Chronic Coughs, which indicate formidable and dangerous affections of the lungs. The testimony of one of the most celebrated Physicians of the present day, (who now practices in Philadelphia,) in regard to this:—

"I have found no remedy so efficacious as this in very obstinate cases of Cough. It has happened to me to see a great number of such cases yield to it. It appears to exercise an alterative influence over the Bronchial Mucous Membrane, independent of its expectorant power."

Testimony to the same effect may be adduced from Physicians of eminence; and from those who have experienced its beneficial effects upon themselves; but to the suffering we say,—"*TRY IT!!!*" The proof of its efficacy upon yourself will be worth more than the testimony of a thousand others.

Price 25 cents per Bottle.

Wholesale Agents—

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JOSEPH MILLARD, Newmarket, has constantly on hand a large Assortmen of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Black Walnut and Mahogany Side boards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and other articles usually required.

PATENT BEDSTEADS, of various descriptions; also, Looking Glass Plates, Mirrors, Varnish, &c., kept for sale.

As the subscriber keeps COFFINS ready made, he is prepared to furnish Funerals, on the shortest notice.

Newmarket, February 18, 1854.

JOSEPH BOWSFORD,
CABINET MAKER, UNDERTAKER, &C.,

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,

RETURNS thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his commencement in business, begs respectfully to announce that he has now on hand an excellent assortment of

Cabinet Furniture,

such as

Sofas, Tables, Patent Bedsteads,

Secretaries, Picture Frames, &c., which he will sell at the lowest remunerative prices.

☞ *Funerals undertaken on the shortest notice.* ☜

Newmarket Feb. 21st 1856 1-y3

Provincial Insurance Company,
OF TORONTO, C. W.

Subscribed Capital, £106,920

Paid up Capital, $90,600.

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Newmarket, Nov. 6th, 1856. -40tf

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

The Sickness of one individual affects the Health of the Community.

Dr. JAMES McINTOSH'S
Stomach & Liver Pills.

The Blood is itself alive and is the life of the animal.

Every part of the body is sustained by the Blood.

THE Blood, like every other portion of the System, needs continually to be purified and renewed. If the Stomach be disordered, and the Liver congested, a due supply of healthy Blood cannot be maintained. If the Stomach, Liver, and Intestines properly perform their functions;—exposure to the contagion of Disease, the Malaria of marshy districts, and other impurities of the air, shocks the nervous system, continued cold, and excessive fatigue, will fail to induce Disease.

Dr. James McIntosh's *STOMACH* and *LIVER PILLS* are specially adapted to promote a healthy action of the Stomach; and to remove Congestion, and promote the secretion of healthy bile from the Liver; and, at the same time, a healthy discharge from the Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys. Consequently, while they excite to healthy action, all the natural drains are opened, and Disease is driven from the Body.

NEVER DESPAIR!

While there is Life there is Hope. Thousands who have suffered for years, have been restored to health by this invaluable Medicine. It is especially adapted to

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All should take it who are afflicted with,—

Indigestion, Stone and Gravel, Sore Throat, Liver Complaints, Colic, Tic Doloreux, Headache, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Constipation of the Bowels, Piles, Female Irregularities, Retention of Urine, Lumbago, Asthma, Gout, Jaundice, Ague, Blotches on the Skin, &c., &c.

For further particulars see Circular.—

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions accompanying.—For sale at the Drug Store of

J. BENTLEY & Co.

Newmarket. tf-10

Newmarket Advertisements.

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THOMAS NIXON,

THANKFUL for past favors begs to remind his numerous friends and Customers that he has now on hand (and will dispose of at the lowest remunerating profit) a very large assortment of the choicest

TEAS, GROCERIES,

Crockery, Glass-ware, Provision, and an increased Stock of

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In the Grocery Department will be found—

Teas, Spices,
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Chocolate, Raisins,
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Rice Macaroni, Vermicelli, &c., &c., &c.

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Lard, Cheese,
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Are kept a good supply of English and American *BOOKS*, in almost all the departments of Science and Literature, in various styles of binding, together with a first-rate supply of Family Bibles, Testaments and Prayer Books

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Stationery of all kinds, Fancy Goods, Dolls, Musical Instruments, Blank Books, Music Books, Pens, &c., &c.

Newmarket, Dec. 4, 1856. v.n1

FISH! FISH! FISH!

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that having made arrangements with parties in Collingwood he will be prepared to supply fresh Fish throughout the season, to those who may require the same.

THOMAS NIXON.

Newmarket, Dec. 5, 1855.

Bricks! Bricks!

200,000 BRICKS of excellent quality, for sale by

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Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. tf-39

"Equitable" Fire Insurance Company
OF LONDON.

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING.

General Agent, British North American Colonies
FREDERICK R. STARR.
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This Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire, all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the same; Ships in Harbour or in dock; Craft on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and the Goods laden in the same; and Farming Stock of all descriptions.

The "Equitable" Fire Office will, by constant analysis of its own experience from time to time, adopt such rates of Premiums as the nature of the risk may justify.

With this view, an annual investigation will be made into each class of risk, and a return of one moiety of fifty per cent—of the nett excess will be made to all classes of Insurers, whose Policies have been in force for three years.

The engagements of the *"Equitable"* are guaranteed by a responsible proprietary, and an ample subscribed Capital. The insured are free from the liabilities of a *Mutual Insurance Society*, and entitled, according to the plan of the Company, to a return of half the profits.

Losses are made good without deduction or discount, and are adjusted and paid in Montreal, without reference to London.

R. H. SMITH, *Agent.*
Newmarket.

March 12t , 1852.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMP